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LOT 41 CARDUP SIDING ROAD, CARDUP STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN - ADDENDUM

Background

In 2015, stormwater design was undertaken for the western portion of Lot 41 Cardup Siding Road to support the development of the land as a transport depot, workshop and office with sealed hardstand and parking areas. Drainage on the site was managed through directing all stormwater to a bio retention swale which discharged into a stormwater basin with capacity to retain the volume generated from a 100 Year Average Recurrence Interval (ARI) rainfall event. The design was also based on the assumption that the entire area would be impervious. The attached **Drawing SK04 Rev B** shows the adopted design with 1,309m3 of storage in the basin and 332m3 of storage in the bio retention swale. This storage exceeded the required volume of 1,305m3 calculated.

Development of the eastern portion of the property commenced in 2018 which would construct a shed containing plastic moulding operations, parking and hardstand facilities. Drainage in this portion was managed by directing stormwater to bio retention swales which discharged into underground storage tanks. As per the western portion, the underground storage had capacity for the 100 Year ARI rainfall event and design was based on the entire area ultimately being impervious. Storage of 487m3 is provided in the underground tanks which meets the storage volume required with an additional 101m3 of storage provided in the bio retention swales.

At the time of seeking approvals for development of the eastern portion, discussions were held with Shire Officers regarding the performance of the then existing drainage basin. Due to the predominately clay ground conditions, emptying of the basin by infiltration was not meeting expectations and the basin was effectively retaining water until mid-summer. This was causing concerns from a health perspective due to the potential for mosquitos and from an engineering perspective as the basin being partially full would no longer have the capacity to accommodate the 100 Year rainfall event.

The low infiltration rate was also likely to place similar limitations on the performance of the underground storage tanks. The solution developed with Officers was the provision of two pumps, one to pump water from the underground storage to the basin and one to pump water from the basin (Refer attached *Drawing C350 Rev B*). Both pumps were low flow with the intent being to gradually empty both storages at a controlled rate with discharge less than pre-development flows.

This addendum is to support the current Application for Development Approval which includes seeking approval to modify to the overall drainage system on Lot 41 Cardup Siding Road.

Pre-Development Discharge

Prior to development of the site, Lot 41 was best described as largely pastural, undeveloped vegetated area which contained a dwelling, sheds and grassed paddocks. The property naturally graded east to west over 300 metres with a level difference of approximately 4 metres. Stormwater



generated by rainfall events would sheet flow across the surface onto the Robertson Road Reserve west of the site.

Pre-development flow is calculated as follows:

Catchment Area = 4.716Ha

Longest flow path = 300m

Tc = 28 minutes

Design Event = 100 Year ARI

Rainfall Intensity I = 74mm/hr

Runoff Coefficient C = 0.3

Discharge Flow Q = CIA/360 m3/s

Q = 0.291 m3/s = 291 litres per second

Proposed Modifications To Existing Drainage

The current design is shown on attached *Drawing C350 Rev 3*.

The design retains the original concept of all drainage in the eastern portion of the site, including the proposed new warehouse development, being directed to the bio retention swales and underground storage units then pumped to the drainage basin to enable gradual emptying.

Drainage of the western portion of the site remains unchanged apart from modification to the discharge from the basin. It is now proposed to gradually discharge stormwater by pumping into a 150mm diameter perforated pipe which extends 150m along the western boundary of Lot 41. The pipe will be wrapped in a filter media (Flitersock) and be contained within loose limestone spalls covering the pipe. This will ensure stormwater slowly discharges along the length of the pipe in a controlled manner with no potential to cause scour.

The basin discharge pump will have a maximum pumping rate of 23 litres per second which is roughly 8% of the calculated pre-development flow. Discharging over the 150m length also mimics the pre-development sheet flow conditions rather than concentrating flow at a single discharge point.

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