SHIRE OF SERPENTINE-JARRAHDALE

FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

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The Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale conducts the operations of a local government with the following community vision:

City living offering a rural lifestyle with abundant opportunities for a diverse community

Principal place of business: 6 Paterson Street Mundijong WA 6123

Special Audit, Risk and Governance Committee Meeting - 4 December 2023 MD

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SHIRE OF SERPENTINE-JARRAHDALE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

Local Government Act 1995 Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996

STATEMENT BY CEO

The accompanying financial report of the Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale has been prepared in compliance with the provisions of the *Local Government Act 1995* from proper accounts and records to present fairly the financial transactions for the reporting period ended 30 June 2023 and the financial position as at 30 June 2023.

At the date of signing this statement the particulars included in the financial report are not misleading or inaccurate.

Signed on the

21

day of November

2023

four MARTIN

Name of Chief Executive Officer



Chief Executive Officer

SHIRE OF SERPENTINE-JARRAHDALE STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

NOTE	2023 Actual	2023 Budget	2022 Actual
	\$	\$	\$
			25,429,868
			4,362,487
			7,713,240
			350,521 638,081
2(a)	43,380,140	40,280,615	38,494,197
2(b)			(17,890,840)
			(10,101,248)
			(1,105,643)
2.7.5			(10,581,149)
2(b)			(116,351)
2/1.)			(443,049)
2(b)			(2,314,721) (42,553,001)
	(3,412,675)	(4,817,038)	(4,058,804)
2	22,723,336	20,093,355	25,597,971
		8	63,454
	(110,417)	(24,512)	0
4(b)	4,114	0	0
12	(17 182)	0	0
			0
20(0)	22,650,379	20,169,940	25,661,425
27(b)	19,237,704	15,352,902	21,602,621
loss			
18	10,000,298	0	2,993,511
18	10,000,298	0	2,993,511
	29,238,002	15,352,902	24,596,132
	2(a),28 2(a) 2(a) 2(b) 2(b) 2(b) 2(b) 2(b) 2(b) 2(b) 2(b	NOTE Actual \$ \$ 2(a),28 27,564,289 2(a) 5,062,209 2(a) 8,556,015 2 1,478,319 2(a) 719,308 2(a) 719,308 2(a) (18,630,480) (13,116,563) (1,075,776) (11,444,354) (112,712) (476,940) (112,712) (476,940) (112,712) (476,940) (112,712) (476,940) (110,417) 2(b) (1,935,990) (466,792,815) (3,412,675) 2 22,723,336 18,052 110,417) 4(b) 4,114 12 (17,182) 23(a) 32,476 22,650,379 22,650,379 27(b) 19,237,704 /oss 18 10,000,298 18	NOTE Actual Budget \$ \$ \$ 2(a),28 2(a) 27,564,289 27,463,063 2(a) 3,556,015 8,274,694 2 1,478,319 543,500 2(a) 719,308 463,111 43,380,140 40,280,615 2(b) (18,630,480) (19,823,043) (13,116,563) (12,537,236) (1,075,776) (1,119,960) (11,444,354) (10,474,934) 2(b) (112,712) (87,148) (476,940) (459,921) 2(b) (1,935,990) (595,411) 2(b) (1,935,990) (595,411) 2(b) (1,935,990) (595,411) 2(b) (1,935,990) (595,411) (46,792,815) (45,097,653) 18,052 101,097 (110,417) (24,512) 4(b) 4,114 0 12 (17,182) 0 23(a) 32,476 0 27(b) 19,237,704

This statement is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



Special Audit, Risk and Governance Committee Meeting - 4 December $_{202}$ MD

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SHIRE OF SERPENTINE-JARRAHDALE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2023

	NOTE	2023	2022
	1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 -	\$	\$
CURRENT ASSETS	0	0 400 000	5 440 000
Cash and cash equivalents	3	9,136,290	5,412,029
Trade and other receivables	5	3,967,953	2,946,693
Other financial assets	4(a)	30,850,739	35,018,647
Inventories	6	4,779	18,317
Other assets	7	781,845	22,908
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		44,741,606	43,418,594
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Trade and other receivables	5	259,837	227,497
Other financial assets	4(b)	84,042	79,928
Investment in associate	23(a)	32,476	0
Property, plant and equipment	8	47,521,360	46,313,506
Infrastructure	9	434,190,939	410,972,783
Right-of-use assets	11(a)	90,707	57,877
Investment property	12	730,000	747,182
Intangible assets	13	2,213,730	2,527,250
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		485,123,091	460,926,023
TOTAL ASSETS		529,864,697	504,344,617
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	14	8,896,140	7,600,876
Other liabilities	15	2,272,692	2,860,281
Lease liabilities	11(b)	44,097	31,856
Borrowings	16	820,455	1,253,756
Employee related provisions	17	2,276,514	2,353,572
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		14,309,898	14,100,341
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Other liabilities	15	3,045,000	6,200,000
Lease liabilities	11(b)	48,191	27,604
Borrowings	16	3,200,451	4,020,904
Employee related provisions	17	859,315	831,928
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		7,152,957	11,080,436
TOTAL LIABILITIES		21,462,855	25,180,777
NET ASSETS		508,401,842	479,163,840
FOURTY			
EQUITY Retained surplus		170,664,265	153,655,948
Reserve accounts	31	20,237,359	18,007,972
Revaluation surplus	18	317,500,218	
TOTAL EQUITY	10	508,401,842	307,499,920 479,163,840
		000,701,072	-10,100,0-0

This statement is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



SHIRE OF SERPENTINE-JARRAHDALE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	NOTE	RETAINED SURPLUS	RESERVE ACCOUNTS	REVALUATION SURPLUS	TOTAL EQUITY
	NOTE	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance as at 1 July 2021		134,299,435	15,761,864	304,506,409	454,567,708
Correction of error	-	0	0	0	0
Restated balance at the beginning of the financial year		134,299,435	15,761,864	304,506,409	454,567,708
Comprehensive income for the period Net result for the period		21,602,621	0	0	21,602,621
Other comprehensive income for the period	18	0	0	2,993,511	2,993,511
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	21,602,621	0	2,993,511	24,596,132
Transfers from reserve accounts	31	5,482,094	(5,482,094)	0	0
Transfers to reserve accounts	31	(7,728,202)	7,728,202	0	0
Balance as at 30 June 2022	-	153,655,948	18,007,972	307,499,920	479,163,840
Change in accounting policies		0	0	0	0
Correction of error	_	0	0		0
Restated balance at 1 July 2022		153,655,948	18,007,972	307,499,920	479,163,840
Comprehensive income for the period					
Net result for the period		19,237,704	0	0	19,237,704
Other comprehensive income for the period	18	0	0	9,370,298	9,370,298
Correction of double-counted assets	8,18	0	0		630,000
Total comprehensive income for the period		19,237,704	0	10,000,298	29,238,002
Transfers from reserve accounts	31	4,677,937	(4,677,937)		0
Transfers to reserve accounts	31	(6,907,324)	6,907,324	0	0
Balance as at 30 June 2023	-	170,664,265	20,237,359	317,500,218	508,401,842

This statement is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



Special Audit, Risk and Governance Committee Meeting - 4 December 2023 MD

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SHIRE OF SERPENTINE-JARRAHDALE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

FOR THE TEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023			
		2023	2022
	NOTE	Actual	Actual
		\$	\$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts			
Rates		27,576,334	25,813,216
Grants, subsidies and contributions		4,252,340	4,613,930
Fees and charges		8,556,015	7,749,054
Interest revenue		1,478,319	350,521
Goods and services tax received		474,653	949,161
Other revenue		719,308	638,081
		43,056,969	40,113,963
Payments			
Employee costs		(18,489,584)	(17,384,079)
Materials and contracts		(12,558,008)	(9,217,369)
Utility charges		(1,075,776)	(1,105,643)
Finance costs		(112,712)	(116,351)
Insurance paid		(476,940)	(443,052)
Goods and services tax paid		(720,612)	(931,071)
Other expenditure		(2,273,658)	(2,314,721)
		(35,707,290)	(31,512,286)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	19(b)	7,349,679	8,601,677
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	13(0)	7,545,075	0,001,077
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Payments for purchase of property, plant & equipment		(3,652,862)	(5,118,402)
Payments for construction of infrastructure		(11,888,774)	(8,284,162)
Capital grants, subsidies and contributions		8,873,379	17,214,673
Proceeds for financial assets at amortised cost		4,167,908	(21,000,701)
Proceeds from financial assets at fair values through profit			(0.000)
and loss		180.000	(3,268)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant & equipment		189,992	23,714
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(2,310,357)	(17,168,146)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Repayment of borrowings	30(a)	(1,253,754)	(967,091)
Payments for principal portion of lease liabilities	30(b)	(61,307)	(122,978)
Net cash provided by (used In) financing activities		(1,315,061)	(1,090,069)
Net cash provided by (used in) infancing activities		(1,010,001)	(1,030,003)
Net increase (decrease) in cash held		3,724,261	(9,656,537)
Cash at beginning of year		5,412,029	15,068,565
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	19(a)	9,136,290	5,412,029

This statement is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Special Audit, Risk and Governance Committee Meeting - 4 December 2023 MD

SHIRE OF SERPENTINE-JARRAHDALE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

FOR THE TEAK ENDED SUBJORE 2025		2023	2023	2022
	NOTE	Actual \$	Budget \$	Actual \$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		•	Φ	φ
Revenue from operating activities				
Rates	28	27,564,289	27,463,063	25,429,868
Grants, subsidies and contributions		5,062,209	3,536,247	4,362,487
Fees and charges		8,556,015	8,274,694	7,713,240
Interest revenue		1,478,319	543,500	350,521
Other revenue		719,308	463,111	638,081
Profit on asset disposals Fair value adjustments to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	4(b)	18,052 4,114	101,097 0	63,454 0
Fair value adjustments to investment property	12	(17,182)	0	0
Recognition of investment in associates	23(e)	32,476	0	0
		43,417,600	40,381,712	38,557,651
Expenditure from operating activities				
Employee costs		(18,630,480)	(19,823,043)	(17,890,840)
Materials and contracts		(13,116,563)	(12,537,236)	(10,101,248)
Utility charges Depreciation		(1,075,776) (11,444,354)	(1,119,960) (10,474,934)	(1,105,643) (10,581,149)
Finance costs		(112,712)	(10,474,334) (87,148)	(116,351)
Insurance		(476,940)	(459,921)	(443,049)
Other expenditure		(1,935,990)	(595,411)	(2,314,721)
Loss on asset disposals	_	(110,417)	(24,512)	0
		(46,903,232)	(45,122,165)	(42,553,001)
Non-cash amounts excluded from operating activities	29(a)	11,512,358	10,398,349	10,607,147
Amount attributable to operating activities		8,026,726	5,657,896	6,611,797
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Inflows from investing activities				
Capital grants, subsidies and contributions		22,723,336	20,093,355	25,597,971
Proceeds from disposal of assets		189,992	501,000	109,714
		22,913,328	20,594,355	25,707,685
Outflows from investing activities				
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	8(a)	(3,770,547)	(13,742,259)	(5,662,981)
Purchase and construction of infrastructure	9(a)	(22,007,050) (25,777,597)	(22,448,795) (36,191,054)	(22,436,090) (28,099,071)
		(20,111,001)	(00,101,004)	(20,000,011)
Non-cash amounts excluded from investing activities	29(b)	0	0	86,000
Amount attributable to investing activities		(2,864,269)	(15,596,699)	(2,305,386)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Inflows from financing activities				
Proceeds from borrowings	30(a)	0	6,000,000	0
Transfers from reserve accounts	31	4,677,937	6,198,982	5,482,094
		4,677,937	12,198,982	5,482,094
Outflows from financing activities Repayment of borrowings	30(a)	(1,253,754)	(1,253,756)	(967,091)
Payment of borrowings Payments for principal portion of lease liabilities	30(b)	(1,233,734)	(31,856)	(122,978)
Transfers to reserve accounts	31	(6,907,324)	(2,249,662)	(7,728,202)
		(8,222,385)	(3,535,274)	(8,818,271)
Anne and attribute blacks financian activities	-	(2 544 440)	0 600 700	(2 226 477)
Amount attributable to financing activities		(3,544,448)	8,663,708	(3,336,177)
MOVEMENT IN SURPLUS OR DEFICIT				
Surplus or deficit at the start of the financial year	29(c)	6,395,892	1,265,601	5,425,658
Amount attributable to operating activities		8,026,726	5,657,896	6,611,797
Amount attributable to investing activities		(2,864,269)	(15,596,699)	(2,305,386)
Amount attributable to financing activities Surplus or deficit after imposition of general rates	29(c)	(3,544,448) 8,013,901	8,663,708	(3,336,177)
Surplus of denote after imposition of general rates	29(0)	0,013,301	(9,494)	6,395,892

This statement is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



SHIRE OF SERPENTINE-JARRAHDALE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 INDEX OF NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL REPORT

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1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial report of the Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale which is a Class 2 local government comprises general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with the *Local Government Act 1995* and accompanying regulations.

Local Government Act 1995 requirements

Section 6.4(2) of the Local Government Act 1995 read with the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 prescribe that the financial report be prepared in accordance with the Local Government Act 1995 and, to the extent that they are not inconsistent with the Act, the Australian Accounting Standards. The Australian Accounting Standards (as they apply to local governments and not-forprofit entities) and Interpretations of the Australian Accounting Standards Board were applied where no inconsistencies exist.

The Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 specify that vested land is a right-of-use asset to be measured at cost, and is considered a zero cost concessionary lease. All right-of-use assets under zero cost concessionary leases are measured at zero cost rather than at fair value, except for vested improvements on concessionary land leases such as roads, buildings or other infrastructure which continue to be reported at fair value, as opposed to the vested land which is measured at zero cost. The measurement of vested improvements at fair value is a departure from AASB 16 which would have required the Shire to measure any vested improvements at zero cost.

Accounting policies which have been adopted in the preparation of this financial report have been consistently applied unless stated otherwise. Except for cash flow and rate setting information, the financial report has been prepared on the accrual basis and is based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and liabilities.

The local government reporting entity

All funds through which the Shire controls resources to carry on its functions have been included in the financial statements forming part of this financial report.

All monies held in the Trust Fund are excluded from the financial statements. A separate statement of those monies appears at Note 32 of the financial report.

Judgements and estimates

The preparation of a financial report in conformity with Australian Accounting Standards requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that effect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses.

The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances; the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The balances, transactions and disclosures impacted by accounting estimates are as follows:

· estimated fair value of certain financial assets

- · impairment of financial assets
- estimation of fair values of land and buildings, infrastructure and investment property
- · estimation uncertainties made in relation to lease accounting

Initial application of accounting standards

During the current year, the following new or revised Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations were applied for the first time.

- AASB 2020-3 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards -Annual Improvements 2018-2020 and Other Amendments
- AASB 2020-6 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current – Deferral of Effective Date
- AASB 2021-7a Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards
- Effective Date of Amendments to AASB 10 and AASB 128 and Editorial Corrections [general editorials]
- AASB 2022-3 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards
- Illustrative Examples for Not-for-Profit Entities accompanying AASB 15

These amendments have no material impact on the current annual financial report

New accounting standards for application in future years

The following new accounting standards will have application to local government in future years:

- AASB 2014-10 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards
 Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture
- AASB 2020-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards -Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current
- AASB 2021-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards -Disclosure of Accounting Policies or Definition of Accounting Estimates

This standard will result in a terminology change for significant accounting policies

- AASB 2021-7c Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards
 Effective Date of Amendments to AASB 10 and AASB 128 and Editorial Corrections [deferred AASB 10 and AASB 128 amendments in AASB 2014-10 apply]
- AASB 2022-5 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards
 Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback
- AASB 2022-6 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards
 Non-current Liabilities with Covenants
- AASB 2022-7 Editorial Corrections to Australian Accounting Standards and Repeal of Superseded and Redundant Standards
- AASB 2022-10 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards
 Fair Value Measurement of Non-Financial Assets of Not-for-

Profit Public Sector Entities The amendment may result in changes to the fair value of non-financial assets. The impact is yet to be quantified.

Except as described above these amendments are not expected to have any material impact on the financial report on initial application.

2. REVENUE AND EXPENSES

(a) Revenue

Contracts with customers

Recognition of revenue is dependent on the source of revenue and the associated terms and conditions associated with each source of revenue and recognised as follows:

Revenue Category	Nature of goods and services	When obligations typically satisfied	Payment terms	Returns/Refunds/ Warranties	Timing of revenue recognition
Rates	General Rates	Over time	Payment dates adopted by Council during the year	None	When rates notice is issued
Service charges	Charge for specific service	Over time	Payment dates adopted by Council during the year	Refund in event monies are unspent	Output method based on provision of service
Grants, subsidies and contributions	Community events, minor facilities, research, design,	Over time	Fixed terms transfer of funds based on agreed milestones and	•	Output method based on project milestones and/or completion date
	planning evaluation and services		reporting		matched to performance obligations
Grants, subsidies or contributions for the construction of non-financial assets	Construction or acquisition of recognisable non- financial assets to be controlled by the local government.	Over time	Fixed terms transfer of funds based on agreed milestones and reporting		Output method based on project milestones and/or completion date matched to performance obligations as inputs are shared, where obligations are sufficiently specific.
Grants or contributions with to contract commitments	General appropriations and contributions with no reciprocal commitment	No obligations	Not applicable	Not applicable	When assets are controlled
Pool inspections	Compliance safety check	Single point in time	Equal proportion annually	None	After inspection complete based on a 4 year cycle
Other inspections	Regulatory Food, Health and Safety	Single point in time	Full payment prior to inspection	None	Revenue recognised after inspection event occurs
Waste management collections	Kerbside collection service	Over time	Payment on an annual basis in advance	None	Output method based on provision of service
Fees and charges - licences, registrations, approvals	Building, planning, development and animal management.	Single point in time	Full payment prior to issue	None	On payment of the licence, registration or approval
Fees and charges - waste nanagement entry fees	Waste treatment, recycling and disposal service at disposal sites	Single point in time	Payment in advance at gate or on normal trading terms if credit provided	None	On entry to facility
Fees and charges - sale of stock	Aviation fuel, kiosk and visitor centre stock	Single point in time	In full in advance, on 15 day credit	Refund for faulty goods	At point of sale
Other revenue - private works	Contracted private works	Single point in time	Monthly in arrears	None	At point of service

2 (a) REVENUE AND EXPENSES (Continued)

Property hire and entry	Use of halls and facilities	Single point in time	In full in advance	Refund if event cancelled within 7 days	On entry or at conclusion of hire
Memberships	Gym and pool membership	Over time	Payment in full in advance	Refund for unused portion on application	Output method over 12 months matched to access right
Fees and charges for other goods and services	Cemetery services, library fees, reinstatements and private works	Single point in time	Payment in full in advance	None	Output method based on provision of service or completion of works
Sale of stock	Aviation fuel, kiosk and visitor centre stock	Single point in time	In full in advance, on 15 day credit	Refund for faulty goods	Output method based on goods
Commissions	Commissions on licencing and ticket sales	Over time	Payment in full on sale	None	When assets are controlled
Reimbursements	Insurance claims	Single point in time	Payment in arrears for claimable event	None	When claim is agreed

Consideration from contracts with customers is included in the transaction price.

Special Audit, Risk and Governance Committee Meeting - 4 Decemper 2023 MD

2 (a) REVENUE AND EXPENSES (Continued)

Revenue Recognition

Revenue recognised during the year under each basis of recognition by nature of goods or services is provided in the table below:

For the year ended 30 June 2023

Nature	Contracts with customers	Capital grant/contributions	Statutory Requirements	Other	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Rates	0	0	27,564,289	0	27,564,289
Grants, subsidies and contributions	0	5,062,209	0	0	5,062,209
Fees and charges	275,797	0	7,998,581	281,637	8,556,015
Interest revenue	0	0	1,478,319	0	1,478,319
Other revenue	0	0	0	719,308	719,308
Capital grants, subsidies and contributions	0	22,723,336	0	0	22,723,336
Total	275,797	27,785,545	37,041,189	1,000,945	66,103,476

For the year ended 30 June 2022

Nature	Contracts with customers	Capital grant/contributions	Statutory Requirements	Other	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Rates	0	0	25,429,868	0	25,429,868
Grants, subsidies and contributions	0	4,362,487	0	0	4,362,487
Fees and charges	211,215	0	7,281,418	220,607	7,713,240
Interest revenue	0	0	350,521	0	350,521
Other revenue	0	0	0	638,081	638,081
Capital grants, subsidies and contributions	0	25,597,971	0	0	25,597,971
Total	211,215	29,960,458	33,061,807	858,688	64,092,168

		2023	2022
_	Note	Actual	Actual
		\$	\$
Assets and services acquired below fair value			
Contributed assets		10,235,961	14,616,379
		10,235,961	14,616,379
Interest revenue			
Other interest revenue		1,478,319	350,521
		1,478,319	350,521
(b) Expenses			
Auditors remuneration			
 Audit of the Annual Financial Report 		53,200	58,806
- Other services		5,800	5,612
		59,000	64,418
Employee Costs			
Other employee costs		18,630,480	17,890,840
Finance costs		18,630,480	17,890,840
Borrowings		110,479	112,911
Lease liabilities		2,233	3,440
		112,712	116,351
Other expenditure		500 445	E40 457
Sundry expenses Refund		523,445 1,412,545	512,157
Reiunu		1,935,990	1,802,564 2,314,721
		1,935,990	2,314,721

3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

		\$	\$
Cash at bank and on hand		9,136,290	5,41
Total cash and cash equivalents	19(a)	9,136,290	5,41
Held as			
 Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents 		3,475,931	2,55
- Restricted cash and cash equivalents	19(a)	5,660,359	2,86
an a harmonic constant and a second a second se		0 136 200	5 11

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cash at bank, deposits available on demand with banks and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Note	2023	2022
	\$	\$
	9,136,290	5,412,029
19(a)	9,136,290	5,412,029
	3,475,931	2,551,748
19(a)	5,660,359	2,860,281
100	9,136,290	5,412,029

Restricted financial assets

2023

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30,850,739

30,850,739

30,850,739

30,850,739

8.340.688

22.510.051 30,850,739

84,042

84,042

57.003

12,900 10,025

4,114

84.042

Restricted financial asset balances are not available for general use by the local government due to externally imposed restrictions. Restrictions are specified in an agreement, contract or legislation. This applies to reserve accounts, unspent grants, subsidies and contributions and unspent loans that have not been fully expended in the manner specified by the contributor, legislation or loan agreement and for which no liability has been recognised.

2022

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35,018,647

35,018,647

35,018,647 35,018,647

17 010 675

18,007,972

35.018.647

79,928 79.928

58,353

11,550

10,025

79 928

0

Bank overdrafts are reported as short term borrowings in current liabilities in the statement of financial position.

4. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

(a) Current assets

Financial assets at amortised cost

Other financial assets at amortised cost m deposits

0	 uc	pu.

Held as

- Unrestricted other financial assets at amortised cost

- Restricted other financial assets at amortised cost

(b) Non-current assets

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Units in Local Government House Trust - opening balance Listed Shares

Unlisted Shares

Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss Non-Current Financial Assets- closing balance

Loans receivable from clubs/institutions have the same terms and conditions as the related borrowing disclosed in Note 30(a) as self supporting loans. Fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is determined from the net asset value of the units held in the Trust at balance date as compiled by WALGA.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Other financial assets at amortised cost The Shire classifies financial assets at amortised cost if both of

- the following criteria are met: the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to
- collect the contractual cashflows, and the contractual terms give rise to cash flows that are solely
- payments of principal and interest.

Fair values of financial assets at amortised cost are not materially different to their carrying amounts, since the interest receivable on those assets is either close to current market rates or the assets are of a short term nature. Non-current financial assets at amortised cost fair values are based on discounted cash flows using a current market rates. They are classified as level 2 fair values in the fair value hierachy (see Note 26 (i)) due to the observable market rates).

Interest received is presented under cashflows from operating activities in the Statement of Cash Flows where it is earned from financial assets that are held for cash management purposes.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

The Shire has elected to classify the following financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:

- debt investments which do not qualify for measurement at either amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income. equity investments which the Shire has elected to recognise as fair value gains and losses through profit or loss.

Impairment and risk

19(a)

Information regarding impairment and exposure to risk can be found at Note 24.

Special Audit, Risk and Governance Committee Meeting - 4 December 2023 MD

5. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES	Note	2023	2022
		\$	\$
Current			
Rates and statutory receivables		2,757,054	2,630,689
Trade receivables		803,216	154,280
GST receivable		447,683	201,724
Allowance for credit losses of trade receivables	24(b)	(40,000)	(40,000)
		3,967,953	2,946,693
Non-current			
Pensioner's rates and ESL deferred		259,837	227,497
		259,837	227,497

Disclosure of opening and closing balances related to contracts with customers

Information about receivables from contracts with customers along with financial assets and associated liabilities arising from transfers to enable the acquisition or construction of recognisable non financial assets is:

Allowance for credit losses of trade receivables

Total trade and other receivables from contracts with customers

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Rates and statutory receivables

Rates and statutory receivables are non-contractual receivables arising from statutory requirements and include amounts due from ratepayers for unpaid rates and service charges and other statutory charges or fines.

Rates and statutory receivables are recognised when the taxable event has occurred and can be measured reliably.

Trade receivables

Trade receivables are amounts receivable from contractual arrangements with customers for goods sold, services performed or grants or contributions with sufficiently specific performance obligations as part of the ordinary course of business.

Other receivables

Other receivables are amounts receivable from contractual arrangements with third parties other than contracts with customers including grants for the construction of recognisable non financial assets.

Measurement

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at the amount of the transaction price, unless they contain a significant financing component, and are to be recognised at fair value.

	2023	2022	2021
Note	Actual	Actual	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
5	(40,000)	(40,000)	(40,000)
1978	(40,000)	(40,000)	(40,000)

30 June

1 July

Classification and subsequent measurement

30 June

Receivables which are generally due for settlement within 30 days except rates receivables which are expected to be collected within 12 months are classified as current assets. All other receivables such as, deferred pensioner rates receivable after the end of the reporting period are classified as non-current assets.

Trade and other receivables are held with the objective to collect the contractual cashflows and therefore the Shire measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Due to the short term nature of current receivables, their carrying amount is considered to be the same as their fair value. Non-current receivables are indexed to inflation, any difference between the face value and fair value is considered immaterial.

Impairment and risk exposure

Information about the impairment of trade receivables and their exposure to credit risk and interest rate risk can be found in Note 24.

6. INVENTORIES

Current

Fuel and materials History Books Inventory

The following movements in inventories occurred during the year:

Balance at beginning of year

Inventories expensed during the year Reversal of write down of inventories to net realisable value Balance at end of year

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

General

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Note	2023	2022
33	\$	\$
	4,779	9,817
	0	2,321
	0	6,179
	4,779	18,317
	18,317	37,199
	(351,205)	(258,847)
	337,668	239,965
100	4,779	18,317

7. OTHER ASSETS

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Other assets - current		
Prepayments	49,033	22,908
Accrued income	732,812	0
	781,845	22,908

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Other current assets

Other non-financial assets include prepayments which represent payments in advance of receipt of goods or services or that part of expenditure made in one accounting period covering a term extending beyond that period.

8. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

(a) Movements in Balances

Movement in the balances of each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year.

	Land	Buildings - specialised	Total land and buildings	Furniture and equipment	Plant and equipment	Motor	Computer equipment	Capital Works in progress	Total property, plant and equipment
- Balance at 1 July 2021	\$ 7,684,081	\$ 28,000,016	35,684,097	\$ 16,352	\$ 3,958,477	\$ 1,041,127	\$ 492,322	\$ 154,394	\$ 41,346,769
Additions*	0	601,934	601,934	0	938,953	588,501	75,965	3,407,628	5,662,981
Revaluation increments / (decrements) transferred to revaluat on surplus	688,419	2,305,092	2,993,511	0	D	0	0	0	2,993,511
Depreciation	0	(*,122,312)	(1,122,312)	(3,270)	(432,814)	(103,245)	(105,176)	0	(1,766,817)
Transfers	0	(1,922,938)	(1,922,938)	0		165,203	0	0	(1, 522, 938)
Balance at 30 June 2022	8,372,500	27,861,792	36,234,292	13,082	4,349,413	1,691,586	463,111	3,562,022	46,313,506
Comprises: Gross balance amount at 30 June 2022 Accumulated democration of 30 June 2023	8,372,500	8,372,500 46,200,000	46,200,000 54,572,500		40,876 6,577,528	2,568,256	603,048	3,562,022	67,924,230
Accumulated impairment loss at 30 June 2022	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0
Balance at 30 June 2022	8,372,500	27,861,792	36,234,292	3,082	4,349,413	1,691,586	463,111	3,562,022	46,313,506
Additions*	0	3,016,069	3,016,069	0	467,794	643,397	55,171	(411,884)	3,770,547
Disposals	0	(114,117)	(114,117)	0	0	(168,240)	0	0	(282,357)
Deprecation	0	(1,190,938)	(1,190,938)		(3,270) (452,264) (183,785)	(183,785)	(120,370)	0	(1,990,627)
Transfers to Infrastructure	0	340,291	340,291	0	0	0	0	0	340,291
Correction of double-counted assets ^[1]	(510,000)	(120,000)	(630,000)	0	0	0	0	0	(630,000)
Balance at 30 June 2023	7,862,500	29,793,097	37,655,597	9,812	4,324,943	1,982,958	397,912	3,150,138	47,521,360
Comprises: Gross balance amount at 30 June 2023 Accumulated deprediaton at 30 June 2023 Accumulated immairment loss at 30 June 2023	7,862,500 0	7,862,500 49,391,913 57,254,413 0 (19,598,816) (19,598,816) 0 0 0 0	57,254,413 (19,598,816) 0	0	40,876 7,045,322 (31,064) (2,720,379) 0 0	2,928,111 (945,153) 0	658,219 (260,307) 0	3,150,138 0 0	71,077,079 (23,555719) 0
Balance at 30 June 2023	7,862,500	29,793,097	37,655,597	9,812	9,812 4,324,943 1,982,958	1,982,958	397,912	3,150,138	47,521,360
* Asset additions included additions received at substantially less than fair value. During the year ended 30 June 2022	tantially less th 0	an fair value: 0	00	00	0 0	464,451	00	0 0	464,451

le

C 0 During the year ended 30 June 2023

0-010

117,685 [1] A land and building was incorrectly included within Property Plant and Equipment as part of the revaluation last year (as well as in investment properties, refer to Note 12). As this error was assessed to be not material, the correction in the current year has been accounted for prospectively through the revaluation surplus, 0 0 117,685 0 0 0

refer to the Statement of Change in Equity.

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NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 SHIRE OF SERPENTINE-JARRAHDALE

8. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

(b) Carrying Value Measurements

Inputs Used	An independent asset management consultant	reviewed the land valuation and have conducted a sample of land condition assessments. They have also reviewed the valuation inputs of previous valuations and have updated the unit rates. Assessment inputs used was contruction costs, residual values and remaining useful life inputs.	This required estimating the replacement cost for each building by componentising the buildings into significant parts with different useful lives and taking into account a range of factors. While the unit rates based on square metres could be supported from market evidence (level 2) other inputs (such as residual value, useful life, pattern of consumption and asset condition) required extensive professional judgement and impacts significantly on the final determination of fair value.	implions were varied,	ment using either	
Date of Last Valuation		June 2022	June 2022	e basis of these assu	berty, plant and equip	
Basis of Valuation		Independent Valuers	Independent Valuers	irrent information. If the	le the fair value of prop	
Valuation Technique		Market approach using recent observable market for similar properties	Cost approach using current replacement cost	patterns of consumption utilising cu neasurement.	by the local government to determin	
Fair Value Hierarchy		0	ო	ards to future values and igher or lower fair value r	Iluation techniques used	2
Asset Class	(i) Fair Value Land and buildings	Land	Buildings - specialised	Level 3 inputs are based on assumptions with regards to future values and patterns of consumption utilising current information. If the basis of these assumptions were varied, they have the potential to result in a significantly higher or lower fair value measurement.	During the period there were no changes in the valuation techniques used by the local government to determine the fair value of property, plant and equipment using either level 2 or level 3 inputs.	(ii) Cost

9. INFRASTRUCTURE

(a) Movements in Balances

Movement in the balances of each class of infrastructure between the beginning and the end of the current financial year.

	Infrastructure - Roads	Infrastructure - Footpaths	Infrastructure - Drainage	Infrastructure - Parks & Ovals	Capital Works in Progress	Total Infrastructure
Balance at 1 July 2021	\$ 256,224,546	\$ 20,072,782	\$ 80,917,229	\$ 36,785,670	\$ 1,034,130	\$ 395,034,357
Additions*	8,852,983	51,700	7,619,289	2,378,968	3,533,150	22,436,090
Depreciation	(5,185,324)	(348,795)	(1,645,127)	(1,241,356)	0	(8,420,602)
Transfers	0	D	0	1,922,938	0	1,922,938
Balance at 30 June 2022	259,892,205	19,775,687	86,891,391	39,846,220	4,567,280	410,972,783
Comprises: Gross balance at 30 June 2022 Accumulated depreciation at 30 June 2022 Accumulated impairment loss at 30 June 2022	339,916,549 (80,024,344) 0	26,736,915 (6,961,228) 0	118,111,317 (31,219,926) 0	56,148,314 (16,302,094) 0	4,567,280 0 0	545,480,375 (134,507,592) 0
Balance at 30 June 2022	259,892,205	19,775,687	86,891,391	39,846,220	4,567,280	410,972,783
Additions*	6,836,057	1,058,227	4,631,177	596,145	8,885,444	22,007,050
Revaluation increments / (decrements) transferred to revaluation surplus	(19,692,830)	3,965,595	39,689,705	(13,332,172)	0	10,630,298
Depreciation	(5,485,223)	(349,618)	(1,793,887)	(1,450,173)	0	(9,078,901)
Transfers from Property Plant and Equipment	0	0	0	(340,291)	0	(340,291)
Balance at 30 June 2023	241,550,209	24,449,891	129,418,386	25,319,729	13,452,724	434,190,939
Comprises: Gross balance at 30 June 2023 Accumulated depreciation at 30 June 2023 Accumulated impairment loss at 30 June 2023	424.520,428 (182,970,219) 0	28,339,663 (3,889,772) 0	154,206,152 (24,787,766) 0	41,457,394 (16,137,665) 0	13,452,724 0 0	661,976,361 (227,785,422) 0
Balance at 30 June 2023	241,550,209	24,449,891	129,418,386	25,319,729	13,452,724	434,190,939
 * Asset additions included additions received at substantially less than fair value: During the year ended 30 June 2022 6,119,263 7,111,030 	ess than fair value: 5,119,263 4,111,030	0 1,058,227	6,660,698 4,601,830	2,371,967 347,139	0 0	14,151,928 10,118,276

9. INFRASTRUCTURE (Continued)

(b) Carrying Value Measurements

Asset Class	Hierarchy	Valuation Technique	Basis of Valuation	Valuation	Inputs Used
(i) Fair Value Infrastructure - Roads	m	Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost	Independent Valuers	June 2023	The valuations required estimating the replacement cost for each asset type and taking into account a range of factors. While unit rates based on area could be supported from market evidence (level 2) other inputs (such as useful life, pattern of consumption and asset condition) required extensive professional judgement and impacts significantly on the final determination of fair value. As such these assets were classified as having been using level 3 valuation inputs.
Infrastructure - Footpaths	т	Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost	Independent Valuers	June 2023	The valuations required estimating the replacement cost for each asset type and taking into account a range of factors. While unit rates based on area could be supported from market evidence (level 2) other inputs (such as useful life, pattern of consumption and asset condition) required extensive professional judgement and impacts significantly on the final determination of fair value. As such these assets were classified as having been using level 3 valuation inputs.
Infrastructure - Drainage	т	Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost	Independent Valuers	June 2023	The valuations required estimating the replacement cost for each asset type and taking into account a range of factors. While unit rates based on area could be supported from market evidence (level 2) other inputs (such as useful life, pattern of consumption and asset condition) required extensive professional judgement and impacts significantly on the final determination of fair value. As such these assets were classified as having been using level 3 valuation inputs.
Infrastructure - Parks & Ovals	m	Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost	Independent Valuers	June 2023	The valuations required estimating the replacement cost for each asset type and taking into account a range of factors. While unit rates based on area could be supported from market evidence (level 2) other inputs (such as useful life, pattern of consumption and asset condition) required extensive professional judgement and impacts significantly on the final determination of fair value. As such these assets were classified as having been using level 3 valuation inputs.

10. FIXED ASSETS

(a) Depreciation

Depreciation rates

Typical estimated useful lives for the different asset classes for the current and prior years are included in the table below:

Buildings50 yearsStructural50 yearsInternal Fit-Out15 – 25 yearsMechanical Services25 – 35 yearsSecurity15 yearsFire systems15 yearsOther Building Structures15 – 25 yearsPlant and Equipment5 – 15 yearsMotor Vehicles2 – 5 yearsFurniture and Equipment2 – 5 yearsComputer Equipment2 – 5 yearsRoads3SubgradeNot depreciatedPavement10 yearsUnsealed10 yearsUrban and Regional60 - 100 yearsSurface5 – 20 yearsSurface Water Channel40 yearsKerbing40 yearsDrains8 – 15 yearsDrainage50 yearsCulvert50 - 80 yearsStormwater Drainage50 yearsParks and Reserves50 yearsLandNot depreciatedSoftscapes40 - 80 yearsParks Furniture10 - 20 yearsHardscapes40 - 80 yearsParks Furniture10 - 20 yearsLighting15 - 25 yearsOther Structures10 - 40 yearsReticulation20 yearsParks Furniture10 - 20 yearsLighting15 - 25 yearsOther Structures10 - 40 yearsRight of Use (Plant)Based on the remaining leRight of Use (Furniture)Based on the remaining le	Asset Class	Useful life
Internal Fit-Out15 - 25 yearsMechanical Services25 - 35 yearsSecurity15 yearsFire systems15 yearsOther Building Structures15 - 25 yearsPlant and Equipment5 - 15 yearsMotor Vehicles2 - 5 yearsFurniture and Equipment4 - 10 yearsComputer Equipment2 - 5 yearsRoads0SubgradeNot depreciatedPavement10 yearsUnsealed10 yearsUrban and Regional60 - 100 yearsSurface5 - 20 yearsSurface Water Channel40 yearsKerbing40 yearsDrains8 - 15 yearsDrainage50 yearsCulvert50 - 80 yearsStormwater Drainage50 yearsParks and Reserves10LandNot depreciatedSoftscapes40 - 80 yearsParks Furniture10 - 20 yearsIdphing15 - 25 yearsOther Structures10 - 20 yearsReticulation20 yearsParks Furniture10 - 20 yearsLighting15 - 25 yearsOther Structures10 - 40 yearsReticulation20 yearsParks Furniture10 - 20 yearsLighting15 - 25 yearsOther Structures10 - 40 yearsRight of Use (Furniture)Based on the remaining leRight of Use (Furniture)Based on the remaining le	Buildings	
Mechanical Services25 – 35 yearsSecurity15 yearsFire systems15 yearsOther Building Structures15 – 25 yearsPlant and Equipment5 – 15 yearsMotor Vehicles2 – 5 yearsFurniture and Equipment4 – 10 yearsComputer Equipment2 – 5 yearsRoads2 – 5 yearsSubgradeNot depreciatedPavement10 yearsUrban and Regional60 - 100 yearsSurface5 – 20 yearsSurface5 – 80 yearsStornwater Drainage50 yearsCulvert50 - 80 yearsSoftscapes40 – 80 yearsHardscapes40 – 80 yearsHardscapes20 yearsHardscapes20 yearsParks Furniture10 – 20 yearsLighting15 – 25 yearsOther Structures10 – 40 yearsRight of Use (Furniture)Based on the remaining leRight of Use (Furniture)Based on the remaining le	Structural	50 years
Security15 yearsFire systems15 yearsOther Building Structures15 - 25 yearsPlant and Equipment5 - 15 yearsMotor Vehicles2 - 5 yearsFurniture and Equipment4 - 10 yearsComputer Equipment2 - 5 yearsRoads0SubgradeNot depreciatedPavement10 yearsUnsealed10 yearsUrban and Regional60 - 100 yearsSurface5 - 20 yearsSurface Water Channel40 yearsKerbing40 yearsDrains8 - 15 yearsDrains50 - 80 yearsStormwater Drainage50 yearsCulvert50 - 80 yearsParks and Reserves40 - 80 yearsLandNot depreciatedSoftscapes40 - 80 yearsHardscapes40 - 80 yearsReticulation20 yearsParks Furniture10 - 20 yearsLighting15 - 25 yearsOther Structures10 - 40 yearsRight of Use (Furniture)Based on the remaining le	Internal Fit-Out	15 – 25 years
Fire systems15 yearsOther Building Structures15 – 25 yearsPlant and Equipment5 – 15 yearsMotor Vehicles2 – 5 yearsFurniture and Equipment4 – 10 yearsComputer Equipment2 – 5 yearsRoadsSubgradeNot depreciated10 yearsPavement10 yearsUrban and Regional60 - 100 yearsSurface5 – 20 yearsDrains8 – 15 yearsDrains8 – 15 yearsDrains8 – 15 yearsDrains40 yearsStormwater Drainage50 yearsCulvert50 yearsSoftscapes40 – 80 yearsHardscapes40 – 80 yearsReticulation20 yearsParks Furniture10 – 20 yearsLighting15 – 25 yearsOther Structures10 – 40 yearsRight of Use (Furniture)Based on the remaining leRight of Use (Furniture)Based on the remaining le	Mechanical Services	25 – 35 years
Other Building Structures15 – 25 yearsPlant and Equipment5 – 15 yearsMotor Vehicles2 – 5 yearsFurniture and Equipment4 – 10 yearsComputer Equipment2 – 5 yearsRoads10 yearsSubgradeNot depreciatedPavement10 yearsUnsealed60 - 100 yearsUrban and Regional60 - 100 yearsSurface5 – 20 yearsSurface8 – 15 yearsDrains8 – 15 yearsDrainage50 yearsCulvert50 - 80 yearsStormwater Drainage50 yearsParks and Reserves40 – 80 yearsLandNot depreciatedSoftscapes40 – 80 yearsHardscapes40 – 80 yearsReticulation20 yearsParks Furniture10 – 20 yearsLighting15 – 25 yearsOther Structures10 – 40 yearsRight of Use (Plant)Based on the remaining leRight of Use (Furniture)Based on the remaining le	Security	15 years
Plant and Equipment5 – 15 yearsMotor Vehicles2 – 5 yearsFurniture and Equipment4 – 10 yearsComputer Equipment2 – 5 yearsRoadsNot depreciatedSubgrade10 yearsPavement10 yearsUnsealed10 yearsUrban and Regional60 - 100 yearsSurface5 – 20 yearsSurface5 – 20 yearsSurface5 – 15 yearsDrains40 yearsDrains8 – 15 yearsDrainage50 - 80 yearsCulvert50 - 80 yearsStormwater Drainage50 yearsParks and Reserves10LandNot depreciatedSoftscapes40 – 80 yearsHardscapes40 – 80 yearsReticulation20 yearsOther Structures10 – 40 yearsLighting15 – 25 yearsOther Structures10 – 40 yearsRight of Use (Furniture)Based on the remaining le	Fire systems	15 years
Plant and Equipment5 – 15 yearsMotor Vehicles2 – 5 yearsFurniture and Equipment4 – 10 yearsComputer Equipment2 – 5 yearsRoads10 yearsSubgradeNot depreciatedPavement10 yearsUnsealed10 yearsUrban and Regional60 - 100 yearsSurface5 – 20 yearsSurface Water Channel40 yearsKerbing40 yearsDrains8 – 15 yearsDrains50 - 80 yearsStormwater Drainage50 yearsCulvert50 - 80 yearsSoftscapes40 – 80 yearsLandNot depreciatedSoftscapes40 – 80 yearsHardscapes40 – 80 yearsReticulation20 yearsParks Furniture10 – 20 yearsLighting15 – 25 yearsOther Structures10 – 40 yearsRight of Use (Furniture)Based on the remaining le	Other Building Structures	15 – 25 years
Motor Vehicles2 – 5 yearsFurniture and Equipment4 – 10 yearsComputer Equipment2 – 5 yearsRoadsNot depreciatedSubgrade10 yearsPavement10 yearsUnsealed60 - 100 yearsUrban and Regional60 - 100 yearsSurface5 – 20 yearsSurface Water Channel40 yearsKerbing40 yearsDrains8 – 15 yearsDrainage50 yearsCulvert50 - 80 yearsStormwater Drainage50 yearsParks and Reserves10LandNot depreciatedSoftscapes40 – 80 yearsHardscapes40 – 80 yearsReticulation20 yearsParks Furniture10 – 20 yearsLighting15 – 25 yearsOther Structures10 – 40 yearsRight of Use (Furniture)Based on the remaining le		5 – 15 years
Furniture and Equipment4 – 10 yearsComputer Equipment2 – 5 yearsRoadsNot depreciatedSubgradeNot depreciatedPavement10 yearsUrban and Regional60 - 100 yearsSurface5 – 20 yearsSurface5 – 20 yearsSurface Water Channel40 yearsKerbing40 yearsDrains8 – 15 yearsDrains50 - 80 yearsStormwater Drainage50 yearsCulvert50 yearsStormwater Drainage50 yearsParks and Reserves10 – 80 yearsLandNot depreciatedSoftscapes40 – 80 yearsHardscapes40 – 80 yearsReticulation20 yearsParks Furniture10 – 20 yearsLighting15 – 25 yearsOther Structures10 – 40 yearsRight of Use (Plant)Based on the remaining leRight of Use (Furniture)Based on the remaining le	Co. The Contraction of the Contr	2 – 5 years
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Right of Use (Furniture) Based on the remaining le		
	0	
		Dased on the remaining lease
Intangibles Computer Software 18 years	5	19 voors
Computer Software 18 years	Computer Software	to years

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10. FIXED ASSETS (Continued)

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Fixed assets

Each class of fixed assets within either property, plant and equipment or infrastructure, is carried at cost or fair value (as indicated), less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Initial recognition and measurement for assets held at cost Plant and equipment including furniture and equipment is recognised at cost on acquisition in accordance with *Financial Management Regulation 17A*. Where acquired at no cost, the asset is initially recognised at fair value. Assets held at cost are depreciated and assessed for indicators of impairment annually.

Initial recognition and measurement between

mandatory revaluation dates for assets held at fair value Assets for which the fair value as at the date of acquisition is under \$5,000 are not recognised as an asset in accordance with *Financial Management Regulation 17A (5).* These assets are expensed immediately.

Where multiple individual low value assets are purchased together as part of a larger asset or collectively forming a larger asset exceeding the threshold, the individual assets are recognised as one asset and capitalised.

Upon initial recognition, cost is determined as the amount paid (or other consideration given) to acquire the assets, plus costs incidental to the acquisition. For assets acquired at zero cost or otherwise significantly less than fair value, cost is determined as fair value at the date of acquisition. The cost of non-current assets constructed by the Shire includes the cost of all materials used in construction, direct labour on the project and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overheads.

Individual assets that are land, buildings, infrastructure and investment properties acquired between scheduled revaluation dates of the asset class in accordance with the Shire's revaluation policy, are recognised at cost and disclosed as being at fair value as management believes cost approximates fair value. They are subject to subsequent revaluation at the next revaluation date consistent with *Financial Management Regulation 17A(4)*.

Revaluation

The fair value of land, buildings, infrastructure and investment properties is determined at least every five years in accordance with the regulatory framework. This includes buildings and infrastructure items which were pre-existing improvements (i.e. vested improvements) on vested land acquired by the Shire.

At the end of each period, the carrying amount for each asset class is reviewed and, where appropriate, the fair value is updated to reflect current market conditions consistent with *Financial Management Regulation 17A(2)* which requires land, buildings infrastructure, investment properties and vested improvements to be shown at fair value.

Revaluation (continued)

For property, plant and equipment and infrastructure, increases in the carrying amount arising on revaluation of asset classes are credited to a revaluation surplus in equity. Decreases that offset previous increases of the same class of asset are recognised against revaluation surplus directly in equity. All other decreases are recognised in profit or loss. Subsequent increases are then recognised in profit or loss to the extent they reverse a net revaluation decrease previously recognised in profit or loss for the same class of asset.

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all property, plant and equipment and infrastructure, are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the individual asset's useful life from the time the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the improvements.

The assets residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Depreciation on revaluation

When an item of property, plant and equipment and infrastructure is revalued, any accumulated depreciation at the date of the revaluation is treated in one of the following ways:

- The gross carrying amount is adjusted in a manner that is consistent with the revaluation of the carrying amount of the asset.
- (ii) Eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset and the net amount restated to the revalued amount of the asset.

Amortisation

All intangible assets with a finite useful life, are amortised on a straight-line basis over the individual asset's useful life from the time the asset is held ready for use.

The residual value of intangible assets is considered to be zero and the useful life and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each financial year.

Amortisation is included within depreciation in the Statement of Comprehensive Income and in Note 10(a).

Impairment

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains or losses on disposal

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains and losses are included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the period in which they arise.



Special Audit, Risk and Governance Committee Meeting - 4 December 20

11. LEASES

(a) Right-of-Use Assets

Movement in the balance of each class of right-of-use asset between the beginning and the end of the current financial year. Note		Right-of-use assets - plant and equipment	Right-of-use assets Total
	S	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2021	53,574	128,864	182,438
Depreciation	(38,474)	(86,087)	(124,561)
Balance at 30 June 2022	15,100	42,777	57,877
Additions	0	94,136	94,136
	(00.004)	(04.075)	104 000
Depreciation Balance at 30 June 2023	(30,031) (14,931)	(31,275) 105,638	(61,306) 90,707
Balance at 50 Julie 2025	(14,001)	100,000	50,707
The following amounts were recognised in the statement	2023		2022
of comprehensive income during the period in respect	Actual	· · · · · ·	Actual
of leases where the entity is the lessee:	\$	-	\$
Depreciation on right-of-use assets	(61,306)		(124,561
Finance charge on lease liabilities 30(b)	(2,303)		(3,440
Total amount recognised in the statement of comprehensive income	(63,609)	_	(128,001
Total cash outflow from leases	(63,610)		(126,418)
) Lease Liabilities			
Current	44,097		31,856
Non-current	48,191	_	27,604
30(b)	92,288		59,460

Secured liabilities and assets pledged as security

Lease liabilities are effectively secured, as the rights to the leased assets recognised in the financial statements revert to the lessor in the event of default.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Leases

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At inception of a contract, the Shire assesses if the contract contains or is a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

At the commencement date, a right-of-use asset is recognised at cost and lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Shire uses its incremental borrowing rate.

All contracts that are classified as short-term leases (i.e. a lease with a term of 12 months or less) and leases of low value assets are recognised as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Details of individual lease liabilities required by regulations are provided at Note 30(b).

Right-of-use assets - measurement

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost. All right-of-use assets (other than vested improvements) under zero cost concessionary leases are measured at zero cost (i.e. not recognised in the Statement of Financial Position). The exception is vested improvements on concessionary land leases such as roads, buildings or other infrastructure which are reported at fair value.

Refer to Note 10 under revaluation for details on the significant accounting policies applying to vested improvements.

Right-of-use assets - depreciation

Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the lease term or useful life of the underlying asset, whichever is the shorter. Where a lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset, or the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Shire anticipates to exercise a purchase option, the specific asset is depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset.

11. LEASES (Continued)

(c) Lessor - Property, Plant and Equipment Subject to Lease

2023 Actual 5,200 2022 Actual

5.245

Amounts recognised in profit or loss for Property, Plant and Equipment Subject to Lease Rental income

Lease payments for some contracts include CPI increases, but there are no other variable lease payments that depend on an index or rate. Although the Shire is exposed to changes in the residual value at the end of the current leases, the Shire typically enters into new operating leases and therefore will not immediately realise any reduction in residual value at the end of these leases. Expectations about the future residual values are reflected in the fair value of the properties.

Refer to note 12 for details of leased investment property.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Shire as Lessor Upon entering into each contract as a lessor, the Shire assesses if the lease is a finance or operating lease.

The contract is classified as a finance lease when the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases not within this definition are classified as operating leases. Rental income received from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the specific lease.

A lessor shall disclose a maturity analysis of lease payments, showing the undiscounted lease payments to be received on an annual basis for a minimum of each of the first five years and a total of the amounts for the remaining years. Initial direct costs incurred in entering into an operating lease (eg legal cost, cost to setup) are included in the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

When a contract is determined to include lease and non-lease components, the Shire applies AASB 15 to allocate the consideration under the contract to each component.

	2023	2023	2022
12. INVESTMENT PROPERTY	Actual	Budget	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Non-current assets - at fair value			
Carrying balance at 1 July	747,182	0	747,182
Acquisitions			
Capitalised subsequent expenditure Classified as held for sale or disposal			
Net gain/(loss) from fair value adjustment	(17,182)	0	0
Closing balance at 30 June	730,000		747,182
Amounts recognised in profit or loss for investment			
properties Dental income	F 200	0	5,245
Rental income Direct operating expenses from property that generated	5,200	0	5,245
rental income	0	0	(224)
Leasing arrangements			
Investment properties are leased to tenants under long-term			
operating leases with rentals payable monthly. Minimum lease payments receivable on leases of investment			
properties are as follows:			
Minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating			
leases of investment properties not recognised in the			
financial statements are receivable as follows: Less than 1 year	5,200	0	5,245
	5,200	0	5,245

The investment properties are leased to tenants under operating leases with rentals payable monthly. Lease income from operating leases where the Shire is a lessor is recognised in income on a straightline basis over the lease term.

Lease payments for some contracts include CPI increases, but there are no other variable lease payments that depend on an index or rate. Although the Shire is exposed to changes in the residual value at the end of the current leases, the Shire group typically enters into new operating leases and therefore will not immediately realise any reduction in residual value at the end of these leases. Expectations about the future residual values are reflected in the fair value of the properties.

Refer to Note 11 for details of leased property, plant and equipment not classified as investment property

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Investment properties

Investment properties are principally freehold buildings, held for long-term rental yields and not occupied by the Shire. Investment properties are carried at fair value in accordance with the significant accounting policies disclosed at Note 10.

Fair value of investment properties

A desktop valuation was performed to determine the fair value of investment properties. The main Level 3 inputs used in the valuation were discount rates, yields, expected vacancy rates and rental growth rates estimated by management based on comparable transactions and industry data.

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SHIRE OF SERPENTINE-JARRAHDALE NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

13. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	2023 Actual	2022 Actual
Intangible assets	\$	\$
Non-current		
Computer software development	3,135,203	3,135,203
Less: Accumulated amortisation	(921,473)	(607,953)
	2,213,730	2,527,250
Movements in balances of computer software		
during the financial year are shown as follows:		
Balance at 1 July	2,527,250	2,796,419
Amortisation	(313,520)	(269,169)
Balance at 30 June	2,213,730	2,527,250
TOTAL INTANGIBLE ASSETS	2,213,730	2,527,250

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Computer software

Costs associated with maintaining software programmes are recognised as an expense as incurred. Development costs that are directly attributable to the design and testing of identifiable and unique software products controlled by the the Shire are recognised as intangible assets where the following criteria are met:

- it is technically feasible to complete the software so that it will be available for use;

- management intends to complete the software and use or sell it;

there is an ability to use or sell the software;
it can be demonstrated how the software will generate probable future economic benefits;

Computer software (continued)

adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the software are available; and
the expenditure attributable to the software during its development can be reliably measured.

Directly attributable costs that are capitalised as part of the software include employee costs and an appropriate portion of relevant overheads.

Capitalised development costs are recorded as intangible assets and amortised from the point at which the asset is ready for use.

Information on useful life, amortisation rates and amortisation methods can be found in Note 10.

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SHIRE OF SERPENTINE-JARRAHDALE NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

14. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Current

Sundry creditors
Prepaid rates
Accrued payroll liabilities
ATO liabilities
Bonds and deposits held
Accrued Interest on Long Term Borrowings
Accrued Expenses

23,745	56,536
2,552,364	2,413,954
454,959	351,106
86,714	0
3,185,128	2,507,825
25,905	20,577
2,567,325	2,250,878
8,896,140	7,600,876

2023

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SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES **Financial liabilities**

Financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value when the Shire becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding financial guarantees) are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Financial liabilities are derecognised where the related obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and any consideration paid, including the transfer of non-cash assets or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Shire prior to the end of the financial year that are unpaid and arise when the Shire becomes obliged to make future payments in respect of the purchase of these goods and services. The amounts are unsecured, are recognised as a current liability and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition. The carrying amounts of trade and other payables are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to their short-term nature.

Prepaid rates

Prepaid rates are, until the taxable event has occurred (start of the next financial year). refundable at the request of the ratepayer. Rates received in advance are initially recognised as a financial liability. When the taxable event occurs, the financial liability is extinguished and the Shire recognises income for the prepaid rates that have not been refunded.

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5. OTHER LIABILITIES	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Current		
Contract liabilities	235,457	364,050
Capital grant/contributions liabilities	2,037,235	2,496,231
	2,272,692	2,860,281
Non-current		
Capital grant/contributions liabilities	3,045,000	6,200,000
	3,045,000	6,200,000
Reconciliation of changes in contract liabilities		
Opening balance	364,050	112,607
Additions	592,528	364,050
Revenue from contracts with customers included as a contract		
liability at the start of the period	(721,121)	(112,607)
	235,457	364,050
The Shire expects to satisfy the performance obligations, from contracts with customers unsatisfied at the end of the reporting		
period, within the next 12 months.		
Reconciliation of changes in capital grant/contribution		
liabilities		
Opening balance	8,696,231	2,549,150
Additions	(6,110,227)	3,597,931
Revenue from capital grant/contributions held as a liability at		
the start of the period	2,496,231	2,549,150
	5,082,235	8,696,231
Expected satisfaction of capital grant/contribution		
liabilities		
Less than 1 year	2,037,235	3,149,231
1 to 2 years	3,045,000	3,666,500
2 to 3 years	0	1,880,500
3 to 4 years	0	0
4 to 5 years	0	0
> 5 years	<u> </u>	0
	5,082,235	8,696,231

Performance obligations in relation to capital grant/contribution liabilities are satisfied as project milestones are met or completion of construction or acquisition of the asset.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Contract liabilities

Contract liabilities represent the Shire's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Shire has received consideration from the customer.

Contract liabilities represent obligations which are not yet satisfied. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the performance obligations in the contract are satisfied.

Capital grant/contribution liabilities

Capital grant/contribution liabilities represent the Shire's obligations to construct recognisable non-financial assets to identified specifications to be controlled by the Shire which are yet to be satisfied. Capital grant/contribution liabilities are recognised as income when the obligations in the contract are satisfied.

Fair values for non-current capital grant/contribution liabilities, not expected to be extinguished within 12 months, are based on discounted cash flows of expected cashflows to satisfy the obligations using a current borrowing rate. They are classified as level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy (see Note 26(i)) due to the unobservable inputs, including own credit risk.

16. BORROWINGS

			2023			2022	
	Note	Current	Non-current	Total	Current	Non-current	Total
Secured		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Long Term Borrowings		820,455	3,200,451	4,020,906	1,253,756	4,020,904	5,274,660
Total secured borrowings	30(a)	820,455	3,200,451	4,020,906	1,253,756	4,020,904	5,274,660

Secured liabilities and assets pledged as security

Debentures, bank overdrafts and bank loans are secured by a floating charge over the assets of the Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale. Other loans relate to transferred receivables. Refer to Note 5.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES Borrowing costs

The Shire has elected to recognise borrowing costs as an expense when incurred regardless of how the borrowings are applied.

Fair values of borrowings are not materially different to their carrying amounts, since the interest payable on those borrowings is either close to current market rates or the borrowings are of a short term nature. Borrowings fair values are based on discounted cash flows using a current borrowing rate. They are classified as level 3 fair values in the fair value hierachy (see Note 26(i)) due to the unobservable inputs, including own credit risk.

Risk

Information regarding exposure to risk can be found at Note 24.

Details of individual borrowings required by regulations are provided at Note 30(a).

17. EMPLOYEE RELATED PROVISIONS

Employee Related Provisions

	2023	2022
Current provisions	\$	\$
Employee benefit provisions		
Annual leave	1,563,089	1,621,427
Long service leave	653,247	667,852
Other employee leave provisions	60,178	64,293
Total current employee related provisions	2,276,514	2,353,572
Non-current provisions		
Employee benefit provisions		
Long service leave	859,315	828,838
Other employee provisions	0	3,090
Total non-current employee related provisions	859,315	831,928
Total employee related provisions	3,135,829	3,185,500

Provision is made for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave and long service leave and associated on costs for services rendered up to the reporting date and recorded as an expense during the period the services are delivered.

Annual leave liabilities are classified as current, as there is no unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period. Assessments indicate that actual settlement of the liabilities is expected to occur as follows:

	Note	2023	2022
Amounts are expected to be settled on the following basis:		\$	\$
Less than 12 months after the reporting date		2,316,165	2,687,345
More than 12 months from reporting date		819,664	498,155
		3,135,829	3,185,500

Timing of the payment of current leave liabilities is diffcult to determine as it is depended on future decision of employees.

Expected settlement timing are based on information obtained from employees and historical leave trends and assume no events will occure to impact on these historical trends

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Employee benefits

The Shire's obligations for employees' annual leave, long service leave and other employee leave entitlements are recognised as employee related provisions in the Statement of Financial Position.

Short-term employee benefits

Provision is made for the Shire's obligations for short-term employee benefits. Short-term employee benefits are benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service, including wages, salaries and sick leave. Short-term employee benefits are measured at the (undiscounted) amounts expected to be paid when the obligation is settled.

The Shire's obligations for short-term employee benefits such as wages, salaries and sick leave are recognised as a part of current trade and other payables in the statement of financial position.

Other long-term employee benefits

Long-term employee benefits provisions are measured at the present value of the expected future payments to be made to employees. Expected future payments incorporate anticipated future wage and salary levels, durations of service and employee departures and are discounted at rates determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have maturity dates that approximate the terms of the obligations. Any remeasurements for changes in assumptions of obligations for other long-term employee benefits are recognised in profit or loss in the periods in which the changes occur.

The Shire's obligations for long-term employee benefits are presented as non-current provisions in its statement of financial position, except where the Shire does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period, in which case the obligations are presented as current provisions.



18. REVALUATION SURPLUS

	2023 Opening Balance	Total Movement on Revaluation	2023 Closing Balance	2022 Opening Balance	Total Movement on Revaluation	2022 Closing Balance
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revaluation surplus - Land - freehold land	5,309,633	0	5,309,633	4,621,214	688,419	5,309,633
Revaluation surplus - Buildings - non-specialised [1]	13,479,109	(630,000)	12,849,109	11,174,017	2,305,092	13,479,109
Revaluation surplus - Furniture and equipment	45,243	0	45,243	45,243	0	45,243
Revaluation surplus - Plant and equipment	17,648	0	17,648	17,648	0	17,648
Revaluation surplus - Computer equipment	6,246	0	6,246	6,246	0	6,246
Revaluation surplus - Infrastructure - Roads	176,540,880	(19,692,830)	156,848,050	176,540,880	0	176,540,880
Revaluation surplus - Infrastructure - Footpaths	16,746,136	3,965,595	20,711,731	16,746,136	0	16,746,136
Revaluation surplus - Infrastructure - Drainage	67,928,039	39,689,705	107,617,744	67,928,039	0	67,928,039
Revaluation surplus - Infrastructure - Parks & Ovals	27,426,986	(13,332,172)	14,094,814	27,426,986	0	27,426,986
	307,499,920	10,000,298	317,500,218	304,506,409	2,993,511	307,499,920

[1] A land and building was incorrectly included within Property Plant and Equipment as part of the revaluation last year (as well as in investment properties, refer to Note 12). As this error was assessed to be not material, the correction in the current year has been accounted for prospectively through the revaluation surplus, refer to the Statement of Change in Equity.

19. NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(a) Reconciliation of Cash

For the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash includes cash and cash equivalents, net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Cash at the end of the reporting period is reconciled to the related items in the Statement of Financial Position as follows:

S S Cash and cash equivalents 3 9,136,290 5,412,029 Restrictions The following classes of financial assets have restrictions imposed by regulations or other extemply imposed requirements which limit or direct the purpose for which the resources may be used: 3 5,660,359 2,860,281 - Cash and cash equivalents 3 3 5,660,359 2,860,281 16,049,092 18,007,972 - Cash and cash equivalents 31 16,649,092 18,007,972 22,510,051 20,868,253 The restricted financial assets are a result of the following specific purposes to which the assets may be used: 31 20,237,359 18,007,972 Contract liabilities 15 2,325,457 364,060 Capital grant liabilities 15 2,237,704 21,602,621 Non-cash items: Adjustments to fair value of financial assets at fair value for investment property 19,237,704 21,602,621 Non-cash items: Adjustments to fair value of financial assets and indofter receivables (10,235,961) (14,616,379) Changes in assets and liabilities: (10,235,961) (14,616,379) (14,416,379) Changes in assets and liabilities: (1,053,600) 70,361 (16,235,637)		Note	2023 Actual	2022 Actual
Restrictions The following classes of financial assets have restrictions imposed by regulations or other externally imposed requirements which litter asources may be used: 3 5,660,359 2,860,281 - Cash and cash equivalents 3 4 16,849,682 12,007,972 - Financial assets at amortised cost 4 12,0237,359 18,007,972 The restricted financial assets are a result of the following specific purposes to which the assets may be used: 31 20,237,359 18,007,972 Contract liabilities 15 235,457 364,050 24,96,231 Total restricted financial assets 15 20,37,255 24,96,231 Total restricted financial assets 15 20,37,256 24,96,231 Total restricted financial assets 15 20,37,704 21,602,621 Non-cash items: Adjustments to fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (4,114) 0 Adjustments to fair value of financial assets 19,237,704 21,602,621 10,03,600 Non-cash items: Adjustments to fair value of nestentent property 17,102 0 Adjustments to fair value of nestentent property 17,102 0 Charesel in seets and liabilitites: <			\$	\$
The following classes of financial assets have restrictions imposed by regulations or other externally imposed requirements which time is or direct the purpose for which the resources may be used: Cash and cash equivalents Financial assets at amortised cost Financial assets at amortised cost Increase/decrease accounts Capital grant liabilities 20,237,359 18,007,972 20,237,359 18,007,972 Contract liabilities 20,237,359 18,007,972 Contract liabilities 20,237,359 18,007,972 20,237,359 18,007,972 Contract liabilities 20,237,359 18,007,972 20,237,359 18,007,972 20,237,359 18,007,972 20,237,235 2,496,231 Total restricted financial assets 22,510,051 20,868,253 20,237,704 21,602,621 Non-cash items: Adjustments to fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 44,114) 0 22,510,051 20,235,613 (10,235,961) (14,616,379) Charges in assets and liabilities: (Increase)/docrease in other assets (10,235,961) (14,616,379)	Cash and cash equivalents	3	9,136,290	5,412,029
- Financial assets at amortised cost 4 16,649,692 18,007,972 22,510,051 22,851,0051 22,868,253 The restricted financial assets are a result of the following specific purposes to which the assets may be used: 31 20,237,359 18,007,972 Restricted reserve accounts 31 20,237,359 18,007,972 Contract liabilities 15 235,457 364,050 Capital grant liabilities 15 2,037,235 2,496,231 Total restricted financial assets 22,510,051 20,868,253 (b) Reconciliation of Net Result to Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities 19,237,704 21,602,621 Non-cash items: Adjustments to fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (4,114) 0 Adjustments to fair value of investment property 17,182 0 0 Assets received for substantially less than fair value (10,236,961) (14,616,379) Changes in assets and liabilities: (10,53,600) 70,361 (Increase)/decrease in other assets (756,937) (5,778) (Increase)/decrease in other assets (1,053,600) 70,361 (Increase)/decrease in intref and other payables 1,295,	The following classes of financial assets have restrictions imposed by regulations or other externally imposed requirements which limit or direct the purpose for which			
specific purposes to which the assets may be used: Restricted reserve accounts 31 20,237,359 18,007,972 Contract liabilities 15 2,35,457 384,050 Capital grant liabilities 15 2,037,235 2,496,231 Total restricted financial assets 2 22,510,051 20,868,253 (b) Reconciliation of Net Result to Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities 19,237,704 21,602,621 Non-cash items: Adjustments to fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (4,114) 0 Adjustments to fair value of investment property 17,182 0 Depreciation/amortisation 11,444,354 10,581,149 (Profit)/loss on sale of asset 92,2365 (63,454) Share of profits of associates (32,476) 0 Assets received for substantially less than fair value (Increase)/decrease in inventories 1,256,337) (5,778) (Increase)/decrease in inventories 1,256,337) (5,778) (Increase)/decrease in inventories 1,256,337) (5,778) (Increase)/decrease in inventories 1,256,337) (5,778) Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables 1,255,263 1,362,639 Increase/(decrease) in omployee related provisions (49,671) 467,785 Increase/(decrease) in grant liabilities (3,742,589) 251,443 Increase/(decrease) in grant liabilities (3,742,589) 361,677 Loan facilities - current 820,455 1,253,756 Loan facilities - non-current 32,00,451 4,020,904			16,849,692	18,007,972
By Operating ActivitiesNet result19,237,70421,602,621Non-cash items: Adjustments to fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss(4,114)0Adjustments to fair value of investment property17,1820Depreciation/amortisation11,444,35410,581,149(Profit)/loss on sale of asset92,365(63,454)Share of profits of associates(32,476)0Assets received for substantially less than fair value(10,235,961)(14,616,379)Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase)/decrease in other assets(1,053,600)70,361(Increase)/decrease in other assets(758,937)(5,778)(Increase)/decrease in inventories13,53818,882Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables1,295,2631,362,639Increase/(decrease) in other liabilities(3,742,559)251,443Increase/(decrease) in other liabilities06,147,081Non-Cash Proceeds of Sale0(86,000)Capital grants, subsidies and contributions(8,873,379)(17,128,673)Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities7,349,6798,601,677Loan facilities820,4551,253,756Loan facilities - current3,200,4514,020,904	specific purposes to which the assets may be used: Restricted reserve accounts Contract liabilities Capital grant liabilities	15	20,237,359 235,457 2,037,235	18,007,972 364,050 2,496,231
Non-cash items:Adjustments to fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss(4,114)0Adjustments to fair value of investment property17,1820Depreciation/amortisation11,444,35410,581,149(Profit)/loss on sale of asset92,365(63,454)Share of profits of associates(32,476)0Assets received for substantially less than fair value(10,235,961)(14,616,379)Changes in assets and liabilities:(1,053,600)70,361(Increase)/decrease in other assets(1,053,600)70,361(Increase)/decrease in other assets13,53818,882Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables1,295,2631,362,639Increase/(decrease) in employee related provisions(49,671)467,785Increase/(decrease) in grant liabilities06,147,081Non-Cash Proceeds of Sale0(86,000)Capital grants, subsidies and contributions(8,873,379)(17,128,673)Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities7,349,6798,601,677Loan facilities - current820,4551,253,756Loan facilities - non-current3,200,4514,020,904				
Adjustments to fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss(4,114)0Adjustments to fair value of investment property17,1820Depreciation/amortisation11,444,35410,581,149(Profit)/loss on sale of asset92,365(63,454)Share of profits of associates(32,476)0Assets received for substantially less than fair value(10,235,961)(14,616,379)Changes in assets and liabilities:(1,053,600)70,361(Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables(1,053,600)70,361(Increase)/decrease in other assets(758,937)(5,778)(Increase)/decrease in inventories13,53818,882Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables1,295,2631,362,639Increase/(decrease) in other liabilities(3,742,589)251,443Increase/(decrease) in other liabilities06,147,081Non-Cash Proceeds of Sale0(8,000)Capital grants, subsidies and contributions(8,873,379)(17,128,673)Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities7,349,6798,601,677Loan facilities3,200,4514,020,904	Net result		19,237,704	21,602,621
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables1,295,2631,362,639Increase/(decrease) in employee related provisions(49,671)467,785Increase/(decrease) in other liabilities(3,742,589)251,443Increase/(decrease) in grant liabilities06,147,081Non-Cash Proceeds of Sale0(86,000)Capital grants, subsidies and contributions(8,873,379)(17,128,673)Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities7,349,6798,601,677Loan facilities820,4551,253,756Loan facilities - current3,200,4514,020,904	Adjustments to fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Adjustments to fair value of investment property Depreciation/amortisation (Profit)/loss on sale of asset Share of profits of associates Assets received for substantially less than fair value Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables (Increase)/decrease in other assets		17,182 11,444,354 92,365 (32,476) (10,235,961) (1,053,600) (758,937)	0 10,581,149 (63,454) 0 (14,616,379) 70,361 (5,778)
Loan facilities - current 820,455 1,253,756 Loan facilities - non-current 3,200,451 4,020,904	Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables Increase/(decrease) in employee related provisions Increase/(decrease) in other liabilities Increase/(decrease) in grant liabilities Non-Cash Proceeds of Sale Capital grants, subsidies and contributions		1,295,263 (49,671) (3,742,589) 0 0 (8,873,379)	1,362,639 467,785 251,443 6,147,081 (86,000) (17,128,673)
Loan facilities - non-current 3,200,451 4,020,904	Loan facilities			
			and the first state of the second	



19. NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

		2023	2022
	Note	Actual	Actual
		\$	\$
(c) Credit Standby Arrangements			
Credit card limit		10,000	10,000
Credit card balance at balance date		(7,358)	(1,830)
Total amount of credit unused		2,642	8,170
Loan facilities			
Loan facilities - current		820,455	1,253,756
Loan facilities - non-current		3,200,451	4,020,904
Total facilities in use at balance date		4,020,906	5,274,660

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SHIRE OF SERPENTINE-JARRAHDALE NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

20. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale has not identified any contingent liabilities for the year ended 30 June 2023

21. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Contracted for:		
- capital expenditure projects	3,045,329	864,362
 plant & equipment purchases 	1,137,447	257,470
	4,182,776	1,121,832
Payable:		
- not later than one year	4,182,776	1,121,832

22. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) Elected Member Remuneration

Fees, expenses and allowances to be paid or reimbursed to elected council members.	Part and the second	2023 Budget	2022 Actual
Elected we when M Bish	\$	\$	\$
Elected member M Rich President's annual allowance	47,045	47,045	47,045
President's meeting attendance fees	23,131	23,131	23,131
President's ICT expenses	3,500	3,500	3,500
President's travel and accommodation expenses	0	250	0
President's training expenses	0	1,500	0
•	73,676	75,426	73,676
Elected member D Atwell			
Deputy President's annual allowance	11,761	11,761	11,761
Deputy President's meeting attendance fees	17,250	17,250	17,250 3,500
Deputy President's ICT expenses	3,500 0	3,500 250	3,500
Deputy President's travel and accommodation expenses Deputy President's training expenses	0	1,500	0
Deputy President's training expenses	32,511	34,261	32,511
Elected member M Dagositno			
Meeting attendance fees	17,250	17,250	17,250
ICT expenses	3,500	3,500	3,500
Travel and accommodation expenses	0	250	0
Training	0	1,500	0
	20,750	22,500	20,750
Elected member C McConkey		2	5 000
Meeting attendance fees	0	0	5,069
ICT expenses	0 0	0	1,028 0
Travel and accommodation expenses	0	0	0
Training	0	0	6,097
Elected member M Byas		-	
Meeting attendance fees	17,250	17,250	17,250
ICT expenses	3,500	3,500	3,500
Travel and accommodation expenses	0	250	0
Training	0	1,500	0
	20,750	22,500	20,750
Elected member D Strautins	47.050	17.050	47.050
Meeting attendance fees	17,250 3,500	17,250 3,500	17,250 3,500
ICT expenses Travel and accommodation expenses	3,500	250	3,500
Training	0 0	1,500	0
Hanning	20,750	22,500	20,750
Elected member L Strange		and the second	
Meeting attendance fees	17,250	17,250	17,250
ICT expenses	3,500	3,500	3,500
Travel and accommodation expenses	0	250	0
Training	0	1,500	0
	20,750	22,500	20,750
Elected member R Coales	40.400	45.007	14 965
Meeting attendance fees	10,492 2,154	15,237 3,128	14,865 3,500
ICT expenses	2,134	250	0,500
Travel and accommodation expenses Training	0	1,500	0
	12,646	20,115	18,365
Elected member W Denholm			
Meeting attendance fees	0	0	5,069
ICT expenses	0	0	1,028
Travel and accommodation expenses	0	0	0
Training	0	0	0
	0	0	6,097



Elected member G Singh	Note	2023 Actual	2023 Budget	2022 Actual
Meeting attendance fees		0	0	12,209
ICT expenses		0	0	2,477
Travel and accommodation expenses		0	0	0
Training		0	0	0
		0	0	14,686
Elected member T Duggin				1.254
Meeting attendance fees		17,250	17,250	12,209
ICT expenses		3,500	3,500	2,477
Travel and accommodation expenses		0	250	0
Training		0	1.500	0
		20,750	22,500	14,686
Elected member S Mack				
Meeting attendance fees		11,878	17,250	0
ICT expenses		2,410	3,500	0
Travel and accommodation expenses		0	250	0
Training		0	1,500	0
		14,288	22,500	0
	22(b)	236,871	264,802	249,118

(b) Key Management Personnel (KMP) Compensation

		2023	2022
The total of compensation paid to KMP of the	Note	Actual	Actual
Shire during the year are as follows:		\$	\$
Short-term employee benefits		1,212,582	1,114,951
Post-employment benefits		112,871	133,779
Employee - other long-term benefits		12,117	25,313
Council member costs	22(a)	236,871	249,118
		1,574,441	1,523,161

Short-term employee benefits

These amounts include all salary and fringe benefits awarded to KMP except for details in

respect to fees and benefits paid to council members which may be separately found in the table above.

Post-employment benefits

These amounts are the current-year's cost of the Shire's superannuation contributions made during the year.

Other long-term benefits

These amounts represent annual leave and long service leave entitlements accruing during the year.

Termination benefits

These amounts represent termination benefits paid to KMP (Note: may or may not be applicable in any given year).

Council member costs

These amounts represent payments of member fees, expenses, allowances and reimbursements during the year.

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22. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions with related parties

Transactions between related parties and the Shire are on normal commercial terms and conditions, no more favourable than those available to other parties, unless otherwise stated.

No outstanding balances or provisions for doubtful debts or guarantees exist in relation to related parties at year end.

In addition to KMP compensation above the following transactions	2023	2022
occurred with related parties:	Actual	Actual
	\$	\$
Sale of goods and services	0	1,978

Related Parties

The Shire's main related parties are as follows:

i. Key management personnel

Any person(s) having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly, including any council member, are considered key management personnel and are detailed in Notes 22(a) and 22(b)

ii. Entities subject to significant influence by the Shire

The shire has an interest in the Rivers Regional Council which is accounted for in these financial statements for the first time using the equity method.

For the details of interest held in associates refer to Note 23

The Shire's interest in Rivers Regional Council is based on the tonnes of waste delivered during the previous financial year.

The percentage interest for year on year tonnage contributions (from the Cities of Armadale, Gosnells, Mandurah, South Perth and Shires of Serpentine Jarrahdale and Murray) was 9%, representing an interest of \$32,476. The total contribution paid to Rivers Regional Council during the year was \$25,231.

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23. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATES

(a) Investment in associates

Set out in the table below are the associates of the Shire. All associates are measured using the equity method. Western Australia is the principal place of business for all associates.

	% of ownersh	ip interest	2023	2022
Name of entity	2023	2022	Actual	Actual
	1		\$	\$
Rivers Regional Council	9.00%	9.00%		
Initial recognition of investment (9% Share of net equity of \$360,843)			32,476	0
Adjustment for current period			0	0
Balance as at 30 June 2023 (9% of net equity of \$360,843)			32,476	0
		2		

The Shire is accounting for its interest in Rivers Regional Council using the equity method for the first time in 2022-2023 and has bought in the initial recognition of investment as at 30th June 2023.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Investments in associates

An associate is an entity over which the Shire has significant influence, that is it has the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but not control or joint control of those policies.

Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method. The equity method of accounting, is whereby the investment is initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter for the post-acquisition change in the Shire's share of net assets of the associate. In addition, the Shire's share of the profit or loss of the associate is included in the Shire's profit or loss.

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24. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

This note explains the Shire's exposure to financial risks and how these risks could affect the Shire's future financial performance.

Risk	Exposure arising from	Measurement	Management
Market risk - interest rates	Long term borrowings at variable rates	Sensitivity analysis	Utilise fixed interest rate borrowings
Credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, financial assets and debt investments	Aging analysis Credit analysis	Diversification of bank deposits, credit limits. Investment policy
Liquidity risk	Borrowings and other liabilities	Rolling cash flov forecasts	Availability of committed credit lines and borrowing facilities

The Shire does not engage in transactions expressed in foreign currencies and is therefore not subject to foreign currency risk.

Financial risk management is carried out by the finance department under policies approved by the council. The finance department identifies, evaluates and manages financial risks in close co-operation with the operating divisions. Council have approved the overall risk management policy and provide policies on specific areas such as investment policy.

(a) Interest rate risk

Cash and cash equivalents

The Shire's main interest rate risk arises from cash and cash equivalents with variable interest rates, which exposes the Shire to cash flow interest rate risk. Short term overdraft facilities also have variable interest rates however these are repaid within 12 months, reducing the risk level to minimal.

Excess cash and cash equivalents are invested in fixed interest rate term deposits which do not expose the Shire to cash flow interest rate risk. Cash and cash equivalents required for working capital are held in variable interest rate accounts and non-interest bearing accounts. Carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents at the 30 June and the weighted average interest rate across all cash and cash equivalents, term deposits, and Treasury bonds held disclosed as financial assets at amortised cost are reflected in the table below.

	Weighted Average Interest Rate %	Carrying Amounts \$	Fixed Interest Rate \$	Variable Interest Rate \$	Non Interest Bearing \$
2023					
Cash and cash equivalents Financial assets at amortised cost - term	1.99%	9,136,290	0	9,136,290	0
deposits	8.07%	30,850,739	30,850,739	0	0
2022					
Cash and cash equivalents Financial assets at amortised cost - term	0.35%	5,412,029	0	5,412,029	0
deposits	1.60%	35,018,647	35,018,647	0	0

Sensitivity

Profit or loss is sensitive to higher/lower interest income from cash and cash equivalents as a result of changes in interest rates.

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Impact of a 1% movement in interest rates on profit or loss and equity*	91,363	54,120
* Holding all other variables constant		

Borrowings

Borrowings are subject to interest rate risk - the risk that movements in interest rates could adversely affect funding costs. The Shire manages this risk by borrowing long term and fixing the interest rate to the situation considered the most advantageous at the time of negotiation. The Shire does not consider there to be any interest rate risk in relation to borrowings. Details of interest rates applicable to each borrowing may be found at Note 30(a).

24. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b) Credit risk

Trade and Other Receivables

The Shire's major trade and other receivables comprise contractual non-statutory user fees and charges, grants, contributions and reimbursements. The major risk associated with these receivables is credit risk – the risk that the debts may not be repaid. The Shire manages this risk by monitoring outstanding debt and employing debt recovery policies.

The level of outstanding receivables is reported to council monthly and benchmarks are set and monitored for acceptable collection performance.

The Shire applies the AASB 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses using a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade and other receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, receivables from grants, contributions and reimbursements are separated from other trade receivables due to the difference in payment terms and security.

The expected loss rates are based on the payment profiles of trade and other receivables over a period of 36 months before 1 July 2022 or 1 July 2023 respectively and the corresponding historical losses experienced within this period. Historical credit loss rates are adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors such as the ability of users to settle the receivables.

The loss allowance as at 30 June 2023 and 30 June 2022 was determined as follows for trade and other receivables.

		More than 30	More than 60	More than 90	
	Current	days past due	days past due	days past due	Total
30 June 2023		1	.1		
Trade receivables					
Expected credit loss	0.04%	0.09%	0.09%	0.09%	
Gross carrying amount	672,170	2,010	4,101	124,935	803,216
Loss allowance	28,580	175	357	10,888	40,000
30 June 2022					
Trade receivables					
Expected credit loss	1.69%	1.24%	1.90%	1.11%	
Gross carrying amount	70,431	19,916	11,458	52,475	154,280
Loss allowance	8,418	5,869	5,953	19,760	40,000

24. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b) Credit risk

The loss allowances for trade receivables as at 30 June reconcile to the opening loss allowances as follows:

	Trade rece	ivables
	2023	2022
	Actual	Actual
	\$	\$
Opening loss allowance as at 1 July	40,000	40,000
Closing loss allowance at 30 June	40,000	40,000

Trade receivables are written off where there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Indicators that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery include, amongst others, the failure of a debtor to engage in a repayment plan with the Shire, and a failure to make contractual payments for a period of greater than 120 days past due.

Impairment losses on rates, statutory receivables and trade receivables are presented as net impairment losses within other expenditure. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the same line item.

24. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(c) Liquidity risk

Payables and borrowings

Payables and borrowings are both subject to liquidity risk – that is the risk that insufficient funds may be on hand to meet payment obligations as and when they fall due. The Shire manages this risk by monitoring its cash flow requirements and liquidity levels and maintaining an adequate cash buffer. Payment terms can be extended and overdraft facilities drawn upon if required and disclosed in Note 19(c).

The contractual undiscounted cash flows of the Shire's payables and borrowings are set out in the liquidity table below. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances, as the impact of discounting is not significant.

<u>2023</u>	Due within 1 year \$	Due between 1 & 5 years \$	Due after 5 years \$	Total contractual cash flows \$	Carrying values \$
Trade and other payables Borrowings Lease liabilities	8,896,140 820,455 44,097 9,760,692	0 3,200,451 48,191 3,248,642	0 0 0	8,896,140 4,020,906 92,288 13,009,334	8,896,136 3,826,858 92,289 12,815,283
2022					
Trade and other payables Borrowings Lease liabilities	7,600,876 1,176,960 35,295 8,813,131	0 4,027,638 30,557 4,058,195	0 324,921 0 324,921	7,600,876 5,529,519 65,852 13,196,247	7,600,876 5,274,660 59,460 12,934,996

Special Audit, Risk and Governance Committee Meeting - 4 December 2023 MD

25. EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

The Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale has not identified any material subsequent events after the balance date requiring disclosure in this annual report.

26. OTHER SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO)

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included with receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from. or payable to, the ATO are presented as operating cash flows.

b) Current and non-current classification

The asset or liability is classified as current if it is expected to be settled within the next 12 months, being the Shire's operational cycle. In the case of liabilities where the Shire does not have the unconditional right to defer settlement beyond 12 months, such as vested long service leave, the liability is classified as current even if not expected to be settled within the next 12 months. Inventories held for trading are classified as current or non-current based on the Shire's intentions to release for sale.

c) Rounding off figures

All figures shown in this annual financial report, other than a rate in the dollar, are rounded to the nearest dollar. Amounts are presented in Australian Dollars.

d) Comparative figures

Where required, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation for the current financial year.

When the Shire applies an accounting policy retrospectively, makes a retrospective restatement or reclassifies items in its financial statements that has a material effect on the statement of financial position, an additional (third) Statement of Financial Position as at the beginning of the preceding period in addition to the minimum comparative financial report is presented.

e) Budget comparative figures

Unless otherwise stated, the budget comparative figures shown in this annual financial report relate to the original budget estimate for the relevant item of disclosure.

f) Superannuation

The Shire contributes to a number of Superannuation Funds on behalf of employees. All funds to which the Shire contributes are defined contribution

g) Fair value of assets and liabilities

Fair value is the price that the Shire would receive to sell the asset or would have to pay to transfer a liability, in an orderly (i.e. unforced) transaction between independent, knowledgeable and willing market participants at the measurement date.

As fair value is a market-based measure, the closest equivalent observable market pricing information is used to determine fair value. Adjustments to market values may be made having regard to the characteristics of the specific asset or liability. The fair values of assets that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market data

To the extent possible, market information is extracted from either the principal market for the asset or liability (i.e. the market with the greatest volume and level of activity for the asset or liability) or, in the absence of such a market, the most advantageous market available to the entity at the end of the reporting period (i.e. the market that maximises the receipts from the sale of the asset after taking into account transaction costs and transport costs).

For non-financial assets, the fair value measurement also takes into account a market participant's ability to use the asset in its highest and best use or to sell it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use

h) Interest revenue

Interest revenue is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset measured at amortised cost except for financial assets that subsequently become credit-impaired. For credit-impaired financial assets the effective interest rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (after deduction of the loss allowance).

i) Fair value hierarchy

AASB 13 requires the disclosure of fair value information by level of the fair value hierarchy, which categorises fair value measurement into one of three possible levels based on the lowest level that an input that is significant to the measurement can be categorised into as follows:

Level 1

Measurements based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2

Measurements based on inputs other than guoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3

Measurements based on unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The fair values of assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market data. If all significant inputs required to measure fair value are observable, the asset or liability is included in Level 2. If one or more significant inputs are not based on observable market data, the asset or liability is included in Level 3.

Valuation techniques

The Shire selects a valuation technique that is appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data is available to measure fair value. The availability of sufficient and relevant data primarily depends on the specific characteristics of the asset or liability being measured. The valuation techniques selected by the Shire are consistent with one or more of the following valuation approaches:

Market approach

Valuation techniques that use prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions for identical or similar assets or liabilities.

Income approach

Valuation techniques that convert estimated future cash flows or income and expenses into a single discounted present value.

Cost approach

Valuation techniques that reflect the current replacement cost of the service capacity of an asset.

Each valuation technique requires inputs that reflect the assumptions that buyers and sellers would use when pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risks. When selecting a valuation technique, the Shire gives priority to those techniques that maximise the use of observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs. Inputs that are developed using market data (such as publicly available information on actual transactions) and reflect the assumptions that buyers and sellers would generally use when pricing the asset or liability are considered observable, whereas inputs for which market data is not available and therefore are developed using the best information available about such assumptions are considered unobservable.

i) Impairment of assets

In accordance with Australian Accounting Standards the Shire's assets, other than inventories, are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication they may be impaired.

Where such an indication exists, an impairment test is carried out on the asset by comparing the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, to the asset's carrying amount.

Any excess of the asset's carrying amount over its recoverable amount is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount in accordance with another Standard (e.g. AASB 116) whereby any impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as a revaluation decrease in accordance with that other Standard.



27. FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY

(a) Service objectives and descriptions

Shire operations as disclosed in this financial report encompass the following service orientated functions and activities.

Objective	Description
Governance To provide a decision making process for the efficient allocation of scarce resources.	Members of Council and Chief Executive Office
General purpose funding To collect revenue to allow for the provision of services.	Rate revenue, late payment penalty, general purpose grants, untied road grants, commissions, interest on investments,
	reimbursements and banking costs.
Law, order, public safety To provide services to help ensure a safer and environmentally conscious community.	Volunteer bushfire brigades, fire prevention, animal control, emergency management and public safety.
Health	
To provide an operational framework for environmental and community health.	Health services including food and water quality, inspection of premises, public health protecion and promotion.
Education and welfare To provide services to disadvantaged persons, the elderly, children and youth.	Youth services and program, and facilities for community based services such as family centres, early education providers.
Community amenities To provide services required by the community.	Waste management including household refuse and recycling, waste transfer station, environmental and sustainability , town planning, public conveniences and cemeteries.
Recreation and culture To establish and effectively manage infrastructure and resource which will help the social wellbeing of the community.	Provision of facilities and support of organisations with leisure activities and sport including halls, sports grounds, parks and gardens, community development and the Shire's Library.
Transport To provide safe, effective and efficient transport services to the community.	Construction and maintenance of roads, bridges, footpaths, Shire depot, purchases of plant and equipment and engineering design.
Economic services	

To help promote the shire and its economic wellbeing.

Other property and services

To monitor and control overhead operating accounts.

Private works, public works overheads, plant operation, finance and

administration costs.

promotion, management of building applications and economic development.

Rural services such as weed control of reserves, tourism and area

Special Audit, Risk and Governance Committee Meeting - 4 December 2023 MD

27. FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY (Continued)

(b) Income and expenses	2023 Actual	2022 Actual
	\$	\$
Income excluding grants, subsidies and contributions and capital grants, subsidies and contributions		
Governance	0	1,055
General purpose funding	29,500,664	26,134,929
Law, order, public safety	326,228	286,382
Health	250,421	239,668
Education and welfare	238	0
Community amenities	6,774,357	5,925,614
Recreation and culture	275,925	298,911
Transport	255,323	274,476
Economic services	834,797	954,116
Other property and services	137,439	80,014
	38,355,392	34,195,165
Grants, subsidies and contributions and capital grants, subsidies and contributions		
General purpose funding	3,688,996	3,319,668
Law, order, public safety	677,010	568,994
Health	077,010	11,364
Education and welfare	90,403	105,048
Community amenities	10,335,575	6,675,346
Recreation and culture	3,345,401	10,165,861
Transport	9,594,806	9,110,040
Economic services	53,353	4,136
Other property and services	00,000	0
	27,785,544	29,960,457
Total Income	66,140,936	64,155,622
Expenses		
Governance	(1,247,569)	(1,511,450)
General purpose funding	(1,197,772)	(867,996)
Law, order, public safety	(3,657,203)	(3,784,332)
Health	(975,518)	(951,285)
Education and welfare	(451,512)	(420,526)
Community amenities	(12,054,506)	(11,278,259)
Recreation and culture	(10,101,323)	(8,994,490)
Transport	(13,140,821)	(12,223,723)
Economic services	(2,127,437)	(1,848,840)
Other property and services	(1,949,571)	(672,100)
Total expenses	(46,903,232)	(42,553,001)
Net result for the period	19,237,704	21,602,621
(c) Total Assets		
Governance	7,142,946	5,111,441
General purpose funding	46,487,593	45,458,862
Law, order, public safety	2,768,865	3,705,548
Health	747,000	523,188
Community amenities	628,154	617,269
Recreation and culture	47,762,924	65,122,747
Transport	420,527,014	376,296,792
Economic services	650,049	649,950
Other property and services	2,066,594	6,220,395
Unallocated	1,083,558	638,425

504,344,617

529,864,697

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28. RATING INFORMATION

(a) General Rates

			Number	2022/23 Actual	2022/23 Actual	2022/23 Actual	2022/23 Actual	2022/23 Budaet	2022/23 Budaet	2022/23 Budget	2021/22 Actual
RATE TYPE Rate Description	Basis of valuation	Rate in \$	of Properties	Rateable Value*	Rate	Reassessed Rates	Total Revenue	Rate	Reassessed Rate	Total Revenue	Total Revenue
		1000		s	s	s	s	\$	\$	\$	\$
GRV Residential	Gross rental valuation	10.735	7,879	129,674,299	13,920,536	62,433	13,982,969	13,920,537	400,000	14,320,537	13,067,709
GRV Vacant	Gross rental valuation	19.857	588	5,987,011	1,188,841	185,450	1,374,291	1,188,841	0	1,188,841	1,307,274
GRV Commercial/Industrial	Gross rental valuation	12.3533	138	18,011,804	2,225,052	352,926	2,577,978	2,225,052	87,000	2,312,052	2,123,372
UV General	Unimproved valuation	0.412	823	794,380,000	3,272,846	2,571	3,275,417	3,272,846	0	3,272,846	3,276,922
UV Rural Residential	Unimproved valuation	0.4519	1,298	663,785,446	2,999,646	(15,153)	2,984,493	2,999,646	0	2,999,646	2,676,828
UV Commercial/Industrial	Unimproved valuation	0.6895	85	57,845,008	398,841		398,841	398,841	0	398,841	377,653
UV Intensive Farming	Unimproved valuation	0.824	16	12,645,000	104,195		104,195	104,195	0	104,195	97,048
Total general rates			10,827	1,682,328,568	24,109,957	588,227	24,698,184	24,109,958	487,000	24,596,958	22,926,806
		Minimum Payment									
Minimum payment											
GRV Residential	Gross rental valuation	1,325	338	3,815,955	447,850	0	447,850	447,850	0	447,850	430,012
GRV Vacant	Gross rental valuation	1,019	536	2,303,609	546,184	0	546,184	546,184	0	546,184	449,064
GRV Commercial/Industrial	Gross rental valuation	1,504	14	139,157	21,056	0	21,056	21,056	0	21,056	18,642
UV General	Unimproved valuation	1,450	26	3,070,168	37,700	0	37,700	37,700	0	37,700	174,258
UV Rural Residential	Unimproved valuation	1,912	1,063	1,223,992	2,032,456	0	2,032,456	2,032,456	0	2,032,456	1,638,000
UV Commercial/Industrial	Unimproved valuation	2,013	5	355,038,554	10,065	0	10,065	10,065	0	10,065	8,750
Total minimum payments			1,982	365,591,435	3,095,311	0	3,095,311	3,095,311	0	3,095,311	2,718,726
Total general rates and minimum payments	im payments	Rate in	12,809	2,047,920,003	27,205,268	588,227	27,793,495	27,205,269	487,000	27,692,269	25,645,532
Discounts Concessions Total Rates							0 (229,206) 27,564,289		I	(2,000) (229,206) 27,461,063	0 (215,664) 25,429,868

The rate revenue was recognised from the rate record as soon as practicable after the Shire resolved to impose rates in the financial year as well as when the rate record was amended to ensure the information in the record was current and correct.

*Rateable Value at time of raising of rate.

29. DETERMINATION OF SURPLUS OR DEFICIT

			2022/23		
		2022/23	Budget	2022/23	2021/22
		(30 June 2023	(30 June 2023		(30 June 2022
		Carried	Carried	Brought	Carried
	Note	Forward)	Forward)	Forward)	Forward
	Note	\$	\$	\$	\$
(a) Non-cash amounts excluded from operating activities		Ŷ	Ŷ	ş	Ŷ
The following non-cash revenue or expenditure has been excluded from amounts attributable to operating activities within the Statement of Financial Activity in accordance with <i>Financial Management Regulation 32.</i>					
Adjustments to operating activities					
Less: Profit on asset disposals		(18,052)	(101,097)	(63,454)	(63,454)
Less: Fair value adjustments to financial assets at fair value through profit or					
loss		(4,114)		0	0
Add: Loss on disposal of assets Add: Depreciation	10(a)	110,417 11,444,354	24,512 10,474,934	10,581,149	10,581,149
Investment property	12	17,182		0	0
Pensioner deferred rates		(32,340)		(23,513)	(23,513)
Employee benefit provisions	1	27,387		112,965	112,965
Non-cash amounts excluded from operating activities		11,512,358	10,398,349	10,607,147	10,607,147
(b) Non-cash amounts excluded from investing activities					
The following non-cash revenue or expenditure has been excluded					
from amounts attributable to investing activities within the Statement					
of Financial Activity in accordance with Financial Management Regulation 32.					
Adjustments to investing activities					
Property, plant and equipment received for substantially less than fair value	8(a)	(117,685)	0	464,451	464,451
Infrastructure received for substantially less than fair value	9(a)	10,118,276		14,151,928	14,151,928
Non cash Capital grants, subsidies and contributions Non Cash Proceeds of Sale of Asset		(10,000,591)	0		(14,616,379)
Non-cash amounts excluded from investing activities	-	0		86,000 86,000	86,000
Non-cash amounts excluded from investing activities		0	U	80,000	80,000
(C) Surplus or deficit after imposition of general rates					
The following current assets and liabilities have been excluded from the net current assets used in the Statement of Financial Activity in accordance with <i>Financial Management Regulation 32</i> to					
agree to the surplus/(deficit) after imposition of general rates.					
Adjustments to net current assets					
Less: Reserve accounts	31	(20,237,359)	(12,252,786)	(18,007,972)	(18,007,972)
Less: Current assets not expected to be received at end of year					
- Unspent Grants held in non-current liabilities		(3,045,000)	242,956	(6,200,000)	(6,200,000)
Add: Current liabilities not expected to be cleared at end of year - Current portion of borrowings	16	820,455	6,000,000	1,253,756	1,253,756
- Current portion of lease liabilities	11(b)	44,097		31,856	31,856
Total adjustments to net current assets		(22,417,807)		(22,922,360)	(22,922,360)
Net current assets used in the Statement of Financial Activity Total current assets		44,741,606	17,393,292	43,418,594	43,418,594
Less: Total current liabilities		(14,309,898)		(14,100,341)	(14,100,341)
Less: Total adjustments to net current assets		(22,417,807)		(22,922,360)	(22,922,360)
Surplus or deficit after imposition of general rates		8,013,901			6,395,892

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	NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023
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30. BORROWING AND LEASE LIABILITIES

(a) Borrowings

(a) burrowings					Actual					Budget	let	
			New Loans	Principal			Principal				Principal	
		Principal at 1 July	During 2021-	Repayments	2	New Loans	Repayments	Principal at	Principal at 1	New Loans	Repayments	Principal at
Purpose	Note	2021	22	During 2021-22	June 2022	During 2022-23	During 2022-23	30 June 2023	July 2022	During 2022-23	During 2022-23	30 June 2023
		\$	s	s	Ş	\$	63	\$	s	s	s	s
Council Chamber Refurbishment		273,227	0	(133,658)	139,559	0	(139,559)	0	139,559	0	(139,559)	0
Abernethy Road		2,023,307	0	(262,257)	1,761,050	0	(270,716)	1,490,334	1,761,051	0	(270,716)	1,450,335
Webb Road		1,230,217	0	(304,073)	926,144	0	(306,382)	619,762	926,143	0	(306,382)	619,761
Briggs Park Upgrade		1,117,404	0	(109,927)	1,007,477	0	(221,052)	786,425	1,007,478	0	(221,052)	786,426
Abernethy Road		1,597,596	0	(157,156)	~	0	(316,045)	1,124,385	1,440,430	0	(316,047)	1,124,383
Civic Centre Upgrade		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,000,000	0	6,000,000
Total		6,241,751	0	(967,091)	5,274,660	0	(1,253,754)	4,020,906	5,274,661	6,000,000	(1,253,756)	10,020,905
Total Borrowings	16	6,241,751	0	(967,091)	5,274,660	0	(1,253,754)	4,020,906	5,274,661	6,000,000	(1,253,756)	10,020,905
Borrowing Finance Cost Payments					Date final		Actual for year	Budget for	Actual for year			
Dirinose	Note	Loan Number	Institution	Interest Rate	payment is due		ending 30 June 2023	year ending 30 June 2023	ending 30 June 2022			
							s	Ş	\$			
Council Chamber Refurbishment		117	WATC*	4.36%	26/03/2023		(7,622)	(7,622)	(11,413)			
Briggs Park Upgrade		123	WATC*	0.73%	24/09/2026		(6,917)	(6,917)	(7,728)			
Abernethy Road		121	WATC*	3.20%	17/05/2028		(54,205)	(54,205)	(69,122)			
Webb Road		122	WATC*	0.76%	30/05/2025		(7,031)	(7,031)	(13,599)			
Abernethy Road		124	WATC*	0.73%	24/09/2026		(7,589)	(9,889)	(11,049)			
Civic Centre Upgrade		LTI	WATC*	3.00%	TBA		0	(1,192,000)	0			
Total							(83,364)	(1,277,664)	(112,911)			

(112,911)

(1,277,664)

(83,364)

Total Finance Cost Payments * WA Treasury Corporation Self supporting loans are financed by payments from third parties. These are shown in Note 4 as other financial assets at amortised cost. All other loan repayments were financed by general purpose revenue.

30. BORROWING AND LEASE LIABILITIES (Continued)

(b) Lease Liabilities

					Actual					Budget	det		
			New Leases	Principal			Principal	All and a state of the			Principal		
		Principal at 1 July	During 2021-		Principal at 30	New Leases	Repayments	Principal at	Principal at 1	New Leases	Repayments	Principal at	
Purpose	Note	2021	22	During 2021-22	June 2022	During 2022-23	During 2022-23	30 June 2023	July 2022	During 2022-23	During 2022-23	30 June 2023	
		s	\$	s	\$	\$	\$	s	\$	s	\$	\$	
Photocopiers - Admin		26,765	0	(22,941)	3,824	13,382	(17,206)	0	3,824	0	(3,824)	0	
Photocopiers - Emerg. Services		20,296	0	(9,020)	11,276	0	(9,020)	2,256	11,276	0	(9,020)	2,256	
Ford Ranger - CESM		61,788	0	(17,428)	44,360	0	(19,012)	25,348	42,776	0	(19,012)	23,764	
Gymnasium Equip (2)		12,875	0	(12,875)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Patching Truck		11,657	0	(11,657)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Scania Tip Truck with Crane		49,057	0	(49,057)	0	12,264	(12,264)	0	0	0	0	0	
Photocopiers		0	0	0	0	68,489	(3,805)	64,684	0	0	0	0	
Total Lease Liabilities	11(b)	182,438	0	(122,978)	59,460	94,135	(61,307)	92,288	57,876	0	(31,856)	26,020	
Lease Finance Cost Payments													
					Date final		Actual for year	Budget for	Actual for year				
					payment is		ending	year ending	ending 30 June	Lease Term -			
Purpose	Note	Lease Number	Institution	Interest Rate	due		30 June 2023	30 June 2023	2022	(Months)			
							s	s	\$				
Photocopiers - Admin		IW85510127001	Canon	2.10%	31/03/202		(585)	(130)	(783)	60			
Photocopiers - Emerg. Services		IW85510204001	Canon	2.10%	30/09/2023		(508)	(508)	(208)	60			
Ford Ranger - CESM		FMOLT Q21451	Fleetcare	2.00%	30/09/2024		(846)	(846)	(846)	48			
Gymnasium Equip (1)		E6N0158736	MAIA	2.00%	N/A		0	0	(64)	60			
Patching Truck		E6R0162595	MAIA	2.00%	N/A		0	0	(96)	24			
Scania Tip Truck with Crane		E6R0162897	MAIA	2.00%	31/07/2022		(286)	0	(1,143)	24			
Photocopiers		L36761	Fuji	2.00%	30/04/2026		(78)	0	0				
Total Finance Cost Payments							(2,303)	(1,484)	(3,440)				

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	2023 Actual	2023 Actual	2023 Actual	2023 Actual	2023 Budaet	2023 Budaet	2023 Budget	2023 Budget	2022 Actual	2022 Actual	2022 Actual	2022 Actual
31. RESERVE ACCOUNTS	Opening Balance	Transfer to	Transfer (from)	Closing Balance	Opening Balance	Transfer to	Transfer (from)	Closing Balance	Opening Balance	Transfer to	Transfer (from)	Closing Balance
	s	\$	\$	\$	s	69	\$	ŝ	÷	÷	S	s
(a) Administration Building	1,337,664	15,259	(709,460)	643,453	1,346,051	6,958	(1, 350, 500)	2,509	1,596,355	2,961	(261,652)	1,337,664
(b) Briggs Park	95,529	1,323	0	96,852	95,982	563	0	96,545	95,337	192	0	95,529
(c) Buildings Asset Management	1,078,994	31,467	(221,960)	888,501	1,117,350	5,933	(899,923)	223,360	1,216,366	2,308	(139,680)	1,078,994
(d) Byford BMX Track	203,547	2,819	0	206,356	113,369	665	0	114,034	270,961	332	(67,746)	203,547
(e) Byford Developer Contribution Fund	4,404,203	1,471,464 ((1,557,020)	4,318,647	2,983,646	17,431	(138,117)	2,862,960	4,554,140	2,594,593	(2,744,530)	4,404,203
(f) Car Parking	91,309	10,113	0	101,422	91,743	538	0	92,281	91,125	184	0	91,309
(g) Community Facilities	150,832	1,842	0	152,674	151,524	785	(150,000)	2,309	528	150,304	0	150,832
(h) Community Grants	211,642	97,445	(91,733)	217,354	186,307	94,306	(226, 155)	54,458	158,020	90,465	(36,843)	211,642
(i) Community Infrastructure	3,059,478	1,119,091	(220,787)	3,957,782	2,888,478	560,904	(346,446)	3,102,936	1,598,320	1,854,068	(392,910)	3,059,478
(j) Drainage Asset Management	161,622	2,238	0	163,850	162,376	952	0	163,328	161,297	325	0	161,622
(k) Emergency Management	240,206	3,327	0	243,533	241,118	1,415	0	242,533	239,723	483	0	240,206
 Fire Asset Management 	6,647	251,557	0	258,204	6,684	1,439	0	8,123	6,634	13	0	6,647
(m) Footpaths Asset Management	243,494	92	0	243,586	244,606	38	0	244,644	243,004	490	0	243,494
(n) Investment	694,874	9,624	0	704,498	698,152	4,101	0	702,253	693,476	1,398	0	694,874
(o) Jarrahdale Communications Tower	264,736	10,003	(22,354)	252,385	262,748	46,283	(21,971)	287,060	214,787	70,201	(20,252)	264,736
(p) Jarrahdale Community Infrastructure	52,312	725	0	53,037	52,559	312	0	52,871	52,207	105	0	52,312
(q) Light Fleet & Plant Acquisition	1,305,573	818,922	(807,421)	1,317,074	1,316,347	807,183	(1,748,200)	375,330	944,045	976,846	(615,318)	1,305,573
(r) Local Government Election	1,073	83,010	0	84,083	1,236	42,250	0	43,486	45,045	41,028	(85,000)	1,073
(s) Miscellaneous Developer Contribution	550,980	7,631	0	558,611	553,501	3,253	0	556,754	549,871	1,109	0	550,980
(t) Multi Use Trails	18,586	257	0	18,843	18,672	112	0	18,784	18,549	37	0	18,586
(u) Mundijong Whitby Shire Contribution	209,011	2,895	(54,203)	157,703	210,020	1,204	(46,335)	164,889	208,590	421	0	209,011
(v) Parks & Gardens Asset Management	154,874	2,145	0	157,019	155,614	914	0	156,528	154,562	312	0	154,874
(w) Public Art	119,351	143,218	0	262,569	119,642	5,681	(35,000)	90,323	119,124	240	(13)	119,351
(x) Rates Revaluation	53,126	25,484	(75,000)	3,610	53,371	25,340	(75,000)	3,711	29,019	24,107	0	53,126
(y) Renewable Energy	34,683	480	0	35,163	34,845	201	0	35,046	34,613	70	0	34,683
(z) Road and Bridge Asset Management	310,289	1,015,379	(144,009)	1,181,659	310,342	605,349	0	915,691	150,009	983,789	(823,509)	310,289
(aa) Serpentine Jarrahdale Locality Funding	28,659	397	0	29,056	28,796	174	0	28,970	28,601	58	0	28,659
(bb) Serpentine Jarrahdale Sporting Precinct	328,417	4,548	0	332,965	329,981	1,940	0	331,921	327,756	661	0	328,417
(cc) Tourism	13,038	181	0	13,219	13,098	75	0	13,173	13,012	26	0	13,038

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	2023	2023	2023	2023	2023	2023	2023	2023	2022	2022	2022	2022
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual
31. RESERVE ACCOUNTS (Continued)	Opening Balance	Transfer to	Transfer (from)	Closing Balance	Opening Balance	Transfer to	Transfer (from)	Closing Balance	Opening Balance	Transfer to	Transfer (from)	Closing Balance
(dd) Unspent Grants & Contributions	38	0	0	38	0	0	0	0	38	0	0	38
(ee) Waste	1,648,369	134,311	(66,410)	1,716,270	1,713,701	9,684	(540,000)	1,183,385	1,747,367	3,443	(102,441)	1,648,369
(ff) W. Mundijong Industrial DCP	983	851,200	(132,580)	719,603	68,768	368	(46,335)	22,801	149,383	36,600	(185,000)	983
(gg) Oakford Fire Station	343,443	4,180	(45,000)	302,623	101,479	568	(45,000)	57,047	50,000	300,643	(7,200)	343,443
(hh) ICT Reserve	530,878	783,873	(530,000)	784,751	530,000	2,743	(530,000)	2,743	0	530,878	0	530,878
(ii) Public Open Space	59,512	824	0	60,336	0	0	0	0	0	59,512	0	59,512
	18,007,972	6,907,324 (4,677,937)	(4,677,937)	20,237,359	16,202,106	2,249,662	(6,198,982)	12,252,786 0	15,761,864	7,728,202	(5,482,094)	18,007,972

All reserves are supported by cash and cash equivalents and financial assets at amortised cost and are restricted within equity as Reserve accounts.

In accordance with council resolutions or adopted budget in relation to each reserve account, the purpose for which the reserves are set aside and their anticipated date of use are as follows:

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	Name of reserve account Restricted by legislation/agreement	Purpose of the reserve account
(a)	Administration Building	To provide for the employee accommodation requirements.
(q)	Briggs Park	To provide for the future Briggs Park development.
(C)	Buildings Asset Management	To provide funds for the upgrade, renewal, replacement and creation of new Shire facilities.
(p)	Byford BMX Track	To provide for the future Byford BMX track.
(e)	Byford Developer Contribution Fund	To provide for future community infrastructure funded from the Byford Developer Contribution Plan.
(f)	Car Parking	To provide for future public car parking infrastructure funded from Developer contributions for cash-in-lieu of car parking.
(g)	Community Facilities	This reserve is for the establishment of additional facilities in the community.
(H)	Community Grants	To provide funds and project management support for delivery of community infrastructure to enable individuals and community groups to build capacity within
		the community, encourage volunteering and youth development, and deliver sustainable, accessible and demonstrated social, environmental and economic benefits.
(i)	Community Infrastructure	To provide for future community infrastructure, matching funds from the Community Infrastructure Developer Contribution Plan.
(j)	Drainage Asset Management	To provide funds for the upgrade, renewal, replacement and creation of new Shire drainage.
(k)	Emergency Management	To provide for unanticipated significant emergency services events or plant repairs.
()	Fire Asset Management	To provide for the future additions and maintenance required for fire fighting assets and mitigation strategies.
(m)	Footpaths Asset Management	To provide funds for the upgrade, renewal, replacement and creation of new Shire foctpaths.
(u)	Investment	To support economic, subdivision and tourism development opportunities for the Shire.
(o)	Jarrahdale Communications Tower	To provide for the upgrades and maintenance of the tower when required.
(d)	Jarrahdale Community Infrastructure	To provide funds for the upgrade, renewal or replacement of community assets in the Jarrahdale locality.
(d)	Light Fleet & Plant Acquisition	To provide for new and renewal of Light Fleet, Plant and Equipment as required under the replacement and acquisition program.
(r)	Local Government Election	To provide for Bi-Annual, and other interim local government election expenses.
(s)	Miscellaneous Developer Contribution	To be used to fund capital works and administration as per each agreement.
(t)	Multi Use Trails	To allow for the construction of Multi Use Trails.
(n)	Mundijong Whitby Shire Contribution	To provide towards the future contribution requirements of the Mundijong Whitby Community Development Contribution Scheme.
(>)	Parks & Gardens Asset Management	To provide funds for the upgrade, renewal, replacement and creation of new Shire parks, gardens and natural reserves.
(M)	Public Art	To provide for public art development and creation.
(X)	Rates Revaluation	To provide for the tri-ennial Gross Rental Valuation (GRV).
(y)	Renewable Energy	This reserve is to allow Council to undertake renewable energy projects.
(Z)	Road and Bridge Asset Management	To provide funds for the upgrade, renewal, replacement and creation of new Shire road and bridge infrastructure.
(aa)) Serpentine Jarrahdale Locality Funding	Council initiated townscape related projects in the Serpentine Jarrahdale Shire.
(qq)) Serpentine Jarrahdale Sporting Precinct	To provide funds for the Serpentine Jarrahdale Regional Sporting Precinct when grant applications require contribution funding.
(cc)	Tourism	To fund the implementation of the tourism strategy and development of tourism throughout the district and region.
(pp)) Unspent Grants & Contributions	To restrict unspent grants & contributions
(ee)) Waste	To provide for waste management requirements and future waste infrastructure.
(H)	W. Mundijong Industrial DCP	To provide for future community infrastructure funded from the West Mundijong Developer Contribution Plan.
(66)) Oakford Fire Station	To provide funding the construction of the new Oakford Fire Station.
(hh)) ICT Reserve	To provide for the Shire's ICT requirements
(ii)	Public Open Space	To provide for future public open space funded from Developer contributions for cash-in-lieu of public open space.

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32. TRUST FUNDS

Funds held at balance date which are required to be held in trust and which are not included in the financial statements are as follows:

	1 July 2022	Amounts Received	Amounts Paid	30 June 2023
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cash in Lieu of Public Open Space	304,222	0	0	304,222
	304,222	0	0	304,222

